# BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Jackson, Kentucky

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2020

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the State Committee for School District Audits and Members of the Board of Education Breathitt County School District

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Breathitt County School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Breathitt County School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements prescribed by the Kentucky State Committee for School District Audits in the *Independent Auditor's Contract, including Appendix II – Instructions for Submissions of the Audit Report.* Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Breathitt County School District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

**RFH, PLLC** • 300 West Vine Street, Suite 800 • Lexington, Kentucky 40507-1812 **Phone:** 859-231-1800 • **Fax:** 859-422-1800 • **Toll-Free:** 1-800-342-7299

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and pension and OPEB schedules on pages 3-7 and 50-62 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Breathitt County School District's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements, the combining student group fiduciary fund financial statements, and the high school fiduciary financial statements, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements, the combining student group fiduciary fund financial statements, the high school fiduciary financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements, the combining student group fiduciary fund financial statements, the high school fiduciary financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 11, 2021, on our consideration of the Breathitt County School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Breathitt County School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Breathitt County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

**RFH** RFH, PLLC Lexington, Kentucky January 11, 2021 BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) YEAR ENDED June 30, 2020

The management of Breathitt County School District offers readers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities and educational programs of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to review the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of this audit.

This Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, issued June 1999; GASB Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statement - and Management Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments: Omnibus, an amendment to GASB Statements No. 21 and No. 34, issued in June 2001; and in GASB Statement No. 38, Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures, issued in 2001. Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior year is required to be presented in the MD&A.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The ending cash balance for the District was \$3,075,460 in 2020 and \$2,718,148 in 2019.
- The General Fund had \$16,729,269 in revenue, excluding interfund transfers and proceeds from the sale of assets, which primarily consisted of the state program (SEEK) and property, utilities, and motor vehicle taxes. Excluding interfund transfers, there was \$16,479,907 in General Fund expenditures.
- Governmental Capital Assets had a net decrease of \$207,739 during the current fiscal year. Business-Type Activities Capital Assets had a net increase of \$64,379 during the current fiscal year.
- The District experienced a significant fire to one of its buildings on May 3, 2020, at the Breathitt High School Coliseum, which is the high school gymnasium. The fire was caused by contractor error and is not the fault of the District. Insurance proceeds were realized during 2020, and are being used to repair the Coliseum. A new roof will be part of this repair and will be complete in spring 2021. The total cost of this repair/replacement project will exceed \$2,500,000.
- The District faced significant challenges during the FY20 school year due to the Covid-19 Pandemic. The District continues to provide virtual instruction for students when in person classes are not recommended by the local Health Department or the Kentucky Department for Public Health. Meals are continuing to be provided to students who learn virtually by providing weekly meal boxes. The National School Lunch Program has been flexible in allowing Districts to follow Summer Feed Program guidelines for providing meals to students during the school year.
- Due to the Covid-19 Pandemic the District was awarded CARES Act funds which will allow the district to provide supplies necessary for reducing and/or preventing the spread of the virus, including, but not limited to cleaning supplies, PPE, technology to assist with remote learning, and delivery of meals and/or curriculum when necessary.
- The addition of classrooms to Sebastian Elementary School was 95% complete at the end of FY20, and will provide the largest elementary school in the district with much needed space. Plans are being finalized to construct a new elementary school beginning in the FY21 school year which will house Grades PK-2. Once that building is complete, Sebastian will be designated as a school for grades 3-6; with the new elementary housing the primary grades. This will be the first new school in the district since the early 90's. The District and the Board are excited to provide students with a new, up to date school building to include state of the art technology and safety features. The District hopes to include an auditorium in the new school which will service all schools in the district, as well as serve the community as needed.

BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) - CONTINUED YEAR ENDED June 30, 2020

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are primarily supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation, and operation of non-instructional services. Fixed asset acquisitions and related debt are also supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on the table of contents of this report.

**Fund financial statement.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities and objectives. There is a state mandated uniform system and chart of accounts for all Kentucky public school districts utilizing the MUNIS administrative software. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are trust funds established by benefactors to aid in student education, welfare and teacher support. The proprietary funds are our food service operations. All other activities of the District are included in the governmental funds. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on the table of contents of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The financial statements can be found on pages 8 to 15 of this report.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The District used these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

#### BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) - CONTINUED YEAR ENDED June 30, 2020

#### Fiscal year 2020 government-wide net position compared to 2019 is as follows:

	2020	2019
Current assets	\$ 6,063,020	\$ 3,766,081
Noncurrent assets	 16,923,289	 17,066,649
Total assets	22,986,309	 20,832,730
Total deferred outflows	2,516,935	 2,337,751
Current liabilities	2,514,531	1,972,442
Noncurrent liabilities	25,028,604	 25,983,450
Total liabilities	 27,543,135	 27,955,892
Total deferred inflows	 2,737,194	 1,466,669
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	3,491,909	3,641,189
Restricted	935,144	(575,373)
Unrestricted	(9,204,138)	 (9,317,896)
Total net position	\$ (4,777,085)	\$ (6,252,080)

Net Position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, governmental liabilities and deferred inflows exceeded assets and deferred outflows by approximately \$3,982,006; proprietary liabilities and deferred inflows exceeded assets and deferred outflows by \$795,079 and total liabilities and deferred inflows exceeded assets and deferred outflows by \$4,777,085 at June 30, 2020.

The District had an overall increase in net position of \$1,474,995, comprised of a increase in governmental activities net position of \$1,760,507 and a decrease in business-type activities net position of 285,512.

The following table presents an accounting comparison and summary of revenue and expense for the fiscal years 2020 and 2019.

#### BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) - CONTINUED YEAR ENDED June 30, 2020

, and the second	2020	2019
Revenues		
Program revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 47,580	\$ 22,970
Operating grants	5,777,216	6,517,146
Capital grants	 71,793	 302,733
Total program revenues	 5,896,589	 6,842,849
General revenues		
Taxes	\$ 3,017,881	\$ 3,199,796
State aid-formula grants	14,973,713	15,040,524
Investment earnings	13,916	15,642
Miscellaneous	 104,634	83,593
Total general revenues	 18,110,144	18,339,555
Total revenues	 24,006,733	 25,182,404
Expenses		
Instruction	\$ 11,519,528	\$ 12,059,762
Student support services	1,131,823	1,086,407
Instructional support	1,665,334	1,784,569
District administration	868,197	763,640
School administration	1,192,437	1,207,165
Business operations	408,630	415,963
Plant operation and maintenance	3,509,518	2,647,417
Student transportation	1,874,068	2,027,493
Food service operation	1,823,851	1,735,375
Community services	244,559	273,809
Interest on long-term debt	406,769	422,082
Bond issuance cost	 51,146	 
Total expenses	 24,695,860	 24,423,682
Extraordinary item - insurance reimbursement	2,154,196	-
Gain on sale of assets	 9,926	 1,210
Change in net position	\$ 1,474,995	\$ 759,932

On-behalf payments are included in the above amounts. On-behalf, as defined by the KDE, are payments the state makes on behalf of employees to the various agencies for health and life insurance, retirement, and administration fees. The on-behalf payments are allocated to expense as mandated by the KDE and are credited to revenues; therefore, have no effect on the District's level fund balance.

#### **BUDGETARY IMPLICATION**

In Kentucky the public school fiscal year is July 1 through June 30; other programs, such as, some federal programs operate on a different fiscal calendar, but are reflected in the District's overall budget. By law, the budget must have a minimum 2% contingency. The District adopted a working budget with \$1,305,250 in contingency. Significant variations in the actual results of operations and the final budget are primarily due to on-behalf payments that are included in the financial statements, but are not budgeted by the District. The District is conservative in budgeting for its General Fund; therefore, in an effort to address potential shortfalls in revenue, or other extraordinary events that might occur during the budget cycle, variances between budget and actual amounts are common.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM DEBT**

	Beginning	A	Additions	D	eductions	Ending
Governmental:	0 0					J
Capital Assets	\$ 47,165,966	\$	1,440,380	\$	54,900	\$ 48,551,446
Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 30,331,152	\$	1,593,717	\$	495	\$ 31,924,374
Business-type:						
Capital Assets	\$ 617,005	\$	99,590	\$	-	\$ 716,595
Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 385,166	\$	35,212	\$	-	\$ 420,378
Governmental:						
Bonds Payable	\$ 12,540,000	\$	1,235,000	\$	1,045,000	\$ 12,730,000
Capital Lease Payable	\$ 1,088,683	\$	-	\$	222,441	\$ 866,242
Compensated Absences	\$ 192,577	\$	-	\$	10,124	\$ 182,453
KSBIT	\$ 445,661	\$	-	\$	69,025	\$ 376,636

#### **Comments on Budget Comparisons**

- The District's total general fund revenues, excluding transfers and proceeds from the sale
  of assets, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 were \$16,729,269.
- General fund budgeted revenue compared to actual revenue varied from line item to line item with the ending actual balance being \$1,461,795 more than budget or 9.57% more than budget.
- The total cost of all general fund programs and services for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 was \$16,479,907, excluding transfers.
- General fund budgeted expenditures compared to actual expenditures varied from line item to line item with the ending actual balance being \$958,524 less than budget or 5.50% less than budget.

#### **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives.

Questions regarding this report should be directed to the Superintendent at 606-666-2491, Director of Financial Services at 606-666-2491, or by mail at 420 Court Street, PO Box 750 Jackson, Kentucky 41339.

#### BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

ASSETS	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Inventory	\$ 2,827,456 2,925,312 	\$ 248,004 34,470 27,778	\$ 3,075,460 2,959,782 27,778
Total current assets	5,752,768	310,252	6,063,020
Noncurrent assets Land	491,402	-	491,402
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	16,135,670	296,217	16,431,887
Total noncurrent assets	16,627,072	296,217	16,923,289
Total assets	22,379,840	606,469	22,986,309
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES  Deferred outflows - pension - CERS  Deferred outflows - OPEB - CERS  Deferred outflows - OPEB - KTRS  Defeasance on refunding	1,123,531 533,767 327,758 187,624	233,377 110,878 - -	1,356,908 644,645 327,758 187,624
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,172,680	344,255	2,516,935
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 24,552,520	\$ 950,724	\$ 25,503,244
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Accounts payable Unearned revenues	\$ 647,212 375,173	\$ 3,908	\$ 651,120 375,173
Interest payable KSBIT assessment - current	85,327 70,829	-	85,327 70,829
KISTA lease - current Bond obligations - current	202,082 1,130,000	-	202,082 1,130,000
Total current liabilities	2,510,623	3,908	2,514,531
Noncurrent liabilities			
Compensated absences KSBIT assessment - noncurrent KISTA lease - noncurrent Bond obligations - noncurrent Net pension liability - CERS	182,453 305,807 664,160 11,622,762 5,751,927	- - - - 1,194,822	182,453 305,807 664,160 11,622,762 6,946,749
Net OPEB liability - CERS	1,375,223	285,674	1,660,897
Net OPEB liability - KTRS	3,645,776		3,645,776
Total noncurrent liabilities	23,548,108	1,480,496	25,028,604
Total liabilities	26,058,731	1,484,404	27,543,135
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows - pension - CERS Deferred inflows - OPEB - CERS	572,152 686,213	118,853 142,546	691,005 828,759
Deferred inflows - OPEB - KTRS	1,217,430	-	1,217,430
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,475,795	261,399	2,737,194
NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets  Restricted for	3,195,692	296,217	3,491,909
Food service SFCC escrow	- 119,944	(1,091,296)	(1,091,296) 119,944
Other	1,906,496	-	1,906,496
Unrestricted	(9,204,138)		(9,204,138)
Total net position	(3,982,006)	(795,079)	(4,777,085)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 24,552,520	\$ 950,724	\$ 25,503,244

#### BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES for the year ended June 30, 2020

Net (Expense) Revenue and **Program Revenues Changes in Net Position** Capital Operating **Primary Government** Charges for Grants and **Grants and** Governmental Business-type Functions/Programs Expenses Services **Contributions Contributions Activities** Activities Total **Primary government Governmental activities** \$ 2,839,190 5,985 Instruction 11,519,528 (8,674,353) \$ (8,674,353) Support Services: Student 31,269 (1,069,933)(1,069,933)1,131,823 30,621 (935.353) Instruction staff 1.665.334 729.981 (935.353)District administrative 868,197 72 (868, 125)(868, 125)School administrative 1,192,437 (1,192,437)(1,192,437)**Business** 408,630 6,738 (401,892)(401,892)Plant operation and maintenance 3,509,518 82,329 (3,427,189)(3,427,189)Student transportation 1,874,068 277,972 (1,596,096)(1,596,096)Community service activities 244,559 244,686 127 127 Interest on long-term debt 65,808 (340,961)(340,961)406,769 Bond issuance cost 51,146 (51,146)(51<u>,146</u>) Total governmental activities 22,872,009 31,269 4,211,589 71,793 (18,557,358)(18,557,358)**Business-type activities** Food service 1,823,851 16,311 1,565,627 (241,913)(241,913)Total business-type activities 1,823,851 16,311 1,565,627 (241,913)(241,913)**Total school district** 24,695,860 47,580 \$ 5,777,216 71,793 (18,557,358)(241,913)(18,799,271)**General revenues** Taxes: Property taxes 2,103,504 2,103,504 Motor vehicle taxes 306,320 306,320 Utility taxes 608,057 608,057 State aid-formula grants 14,973,713 14,973,713 Investment earnings 12,626 1,290 13,916 Miscellaneous 104,634 104,634 Total general revenues 18,108,854 18,110,144 1,290 Extraordinary item - insurance reimbursement 2,154,196 2,154,196 Operating transfers in (out) 44.889 (44,889)Gain on sale of assets 9,926 9,926 **Change in Net Position** 1,760,507 (285,512)1,474,995 Net position-beginning (5,742,513)(509,567)(6,252,080)**NET POSITION-ENDING** (3,982,006)(795,079)\$ (4,777,085)

# BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2020

	Ge	eneral Fund		Special Revenue Fund	Co	onstruction Fund	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS	•		•		•		•		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,159,934	\$	- 007.554	\$	337,300	\$	330,222	\$	2,827,456
Accounts receivable Due from other funds		63,565 529,744		907,551		1,954,196		-		2,925,312 529,744
Due nom other funds		329,744				<u>_</u>	-	<u>_</u>	-	323,144
Total assets	\$	2,753,243	\$	907,551	\$	2,291,496	\$	330,222	\$	6,282,512
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	49,300	\$	2,634		595,278	\$	-	\$	647,212
Due to other funds		-		529,744		-		-		529,744
Unearned revenues				375,173						375,173
Total liabilities		49,300		907,551		595,278				1,552,129
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted										
SFCC escrow		-		-		-		119,944		119,944
Other		-		-		1,696,218		210,278		1,906,496
Committed		-		-		-		-		-
Compensated absences		91,226		-		-		-		91,226
Assigned Purchase orders		6,410		-		-		-		- 6,410
Unassigned		2,606,307		-		-		-		2,606,307
Ondoorghod		2,000,007								2,000,007
Total fund balances		2,703,943				1,696,218		330,222		4,730,383
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,753,243	\$	907,551	\$	2,291,496	\$	330,222	\$	6,282,512
Amounts reported for governmental activi of net position are different because: Fund balances reported above Capital assets used in governmental a financial resources and therefore ar	ctivit	ies are not	ent						\$	4,730,383
reported in the funds.			-1							16,627,072
Interest accrued on general long term expenditure and is not reported in the			nτ							(85,327)
Net deferred inflows/outflows related to			t pen	sion and OF	PEB Ii	abilities				(00,021)
are not reported in the funds.		iong ionii								(303,115)
Long-term liabilities, including bond ob	ligati	ons, KSBIT a	sses	sment, net p	ensi	on liability,				, ,
net OPEB liability, capital leases a						and				
payable in the current period and the	neref	ore are not re	porte	ed in the fun	ds.					(24,951,019)
Net position of governmental activities									\$	(3,982,006)
· •									_	

# BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

for the year ended June 30, 2020

	General	Special Revenue Fund	Construction Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
From local sources					
	\$ 1,683,948	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 419,556	\$ 2,103,504
Motor vehicle taxes	306,320	-	-	-	306,320
Utility taxes	608,057	-	-	-	608,057
Earnings on investments Other local revenues	12,626	126 505	1 2/17	-	12,626
Intergovernmental - State	103,287 13,926,976	126,595 1,169,433	1,347	1,024,490	231,229 16,120,899
Intergovernmental - State Intergovernmental - Federal	88,055	2,952,815	-	1,024,490	3,040,870
Total revenues	16,729,269	4,248,843	1,347	1,444,046	22,423,505
EXPENDITURES					
Instruction	8,176,986	2,859,711	_	_	11,036,697
Support services	0,170,000	2,000,711			11,000,007
Student	1,049,954	62,338	_	-	1,112,292
Instructional staff	944,086	735,268	_	_	1,679,354
District administration	865,269	72	_	-	865,341
School administration	1,180,200	-	-	-	1,180,200
Business	392,301	6,787	-	-	399,088
Plant operation and maintenance	1,961,841	82,924	716,118	-	2,760,883
Student transportation	1,186,091	279,981	-	-	1,466,072
Community service activities	-	246,456	-	-	246,456
Capital outlay	406,346	5,985	973,149	-	1,385,480
Debt service	316,833	-	-	1,393,583	1,710,416
Bond issuance costs	<u>-</u>		51,146		51,146
Total expenditures	16,479,907	4,279,522	1,740,413	1,393,583	23,893,425
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	249,362	(30,679)	(1,739,066)	50,463	(1,469,920)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds from sale of assets	9,926				9,926
Proceeds from bonds	9,920	-	1,235,000	-	1,235,000
Operating transfers in	214,160	33,663	1,233,000	1,107,215	1,355,038
Operating transfers out	(359,765)	(2,984)	-	(947,400)	(1,310,149)
Total other financing sources and uses	(135,679)	30,679	1,235,000	159,815	1,289,815
EXTRAORDINARY ITEM - INSURANCE	(100,010)				
	<del>-</del>	<del></del>	2,154,196	<del>-</del>	2,154,196
Net change in fund balances	113,683	-	1,650,130	210,278	1,974,091
Fund balances-beginning	2,590,260	<u> </u>	46,088	119,944	2,756,292
Fund balances-ending	\$ 2,703,943	<u> </u>	\$ 1,696,218	\$ 330,222	\$ 4,730,383
Reconciliation to government-wide change in net positio Net change in fund balances add: capital outlay expenditures capitalized add: debt service expenditures add: gain on disposal of capital assets add: change in long term compensated absences less: proceeds from bonds less: proceeds from sale of capital assets less: change in net pension liability less: change in net OPEB liability less: depreciation on governmental activities assets less: interest on long term debt	n:				\$ 1,974,091 1,385,480 1,710,416 9,926 9,725 (1,235,000) (9,926) (283,953) 200,234 (1,593,717) (406,769)
Change in net position governmental activities					\$ 1,760,507

## BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2020

	Food Service Fund
ASSETS Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Inventory	\$ 248,004 34,470 27,778
Total current assets	310,252
Noncurrent assets Capital assets, net of depreciation	296,217
Total assets	606,469
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES  Deferred outflows - pension - CERS  Deferred outflows - OPEB - CERS	233,377 110,878
Total deferred outflows of resources	344,255
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 950,724
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Accounts payable	\$ 3,908
Noncurrent liabilities  Net pension liability - CERS  Net OPEB liability - CERS	1,194,822 
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,480,496
Total liabilities	1,484,404
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES  Deferred inflows - pension - CERS  Deferred inflows - OPEB - CERS	118,853 142,546
Total deferred inflows of resources	261,399
NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets Restricted net position  Total net position	296,217 (1,091,296) (795,079)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 950,724
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

## BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

for the year ended June 30, 2020

	Food Service Fund
Operating revenues	
Lunchroom sales	\$ 16,311
Other revenues	<del>-</del>
Total operating revenues	16,311
Operating expenses	
Salaries and wages	945,061
Contract services	83,955
Materials and supplies	754,223
Other expenses	5,400
Depreciation	35,212
Total operating expenses	1,823,851
Operating (loss)	(1,807,540)
Nonoperating revenues	
Federal grants	1,369,573
Commodities received	65,239
State grants	15,400
State on-behalf payments	115,415
Interest income	1,290
Total nonoperating revenue	1,566,917
Income (loss) before transfers	(240,623)
Transfers in	5,266
Transfers (out)	(50,155)
Change in net position	(285,512)
Total net position-beginning of year	(509,567)
TOTAL NET POSITION-ENDING	\$ (795,079)

# BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

for the year ended June 30, 2020

	Food Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Cash received from customers  Cash paid to employees, including benefits  Cash paid to suppliers	\$ 16,311 (638,093) (788,169)
Net cash (used) by operating activities	(1,409,951)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers (to) other funds Cash received from government funding	(44,889) 1,365,984
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	1,321,095
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of capital assets	(99,590)
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities	(99,590)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest income	1,290
Net cash provided by investing activities	1,290
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(187,156)
Balances-beginning of the year	435,160
BALANCES-END OF THE YEAR	\$ 248,004
Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss) to net cash (used) by operating activities: Depreciation expense Net change in pension liability Net change in OPEB liability Commodities received State on-behalf payments Change in assets and liabilities	\$ (1,807,540) 35,212 166,591 24,962 65,239 115,415
(Increase) decrease in inventory Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	(11,815) 1,985
Net cash (used) by operating activities	\$ (1,409,951)
Schedule of non-cash activities  Donated commodities received from federal government  On-behalf payments received from the state government	\$ 65,239 \$ 115,415

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

# BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION June 30, 2020

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	SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 107,560</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 107,560</u>
LIABILITIES	<b>4.07.500</b>
Due to student groups	\$ 107,560
NET POSITION	
Restricted	<del>-</del>
Total liabilities and net position	<u>\$ 107,560</u>

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#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Reporting Entity

The Breathitt County Board of Education ("Board"), a five-member group, is the level of government which has oversight responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of Breathitt County School District ("District"). The District is currently under the management of the Kentucky Department of Education (KDE) and will be until KDE determines that the five-member board can resume governing the District. The District receives funding from Local, State and Federal government sources and must comply with the commitment requirements of these funding source entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards. Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to develop policies which may influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District, for financial purposes, includes all of the funds and activities relevant to the operation of the Breathitt County Board of Education. The basic financial statements presented herein do not include funds of groups and organizations, which, although associated with the school system, have not originated within the Board itself such as Band Boosters, Parent-Teacher Associations, etc. Such funds or groups have been considered as prospective component units under GASB Statement Number 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units, and have been determined to have insignificant assets, liabilities, equity, revenue and expenditures to be considered component units. In addition, the Board has the ability to exert little control over the fiscal activities of the funds or groups.

The basic financial statements of the District include those of separately administered organizations that are controlled by or dependent on the Board. Control or dependence is determined on the basis of budget adoption, funding, and appointment of the respective governing board.

Based on the foregoing criteria, the financial statements of the following organization is included in the accompanying financial statements:

Breathitt County School District Finance Corporation - The Breathitt County Board of Education resolved to authorize the establishment of the Breathitt County School District Finance Corporation (a non-profit, non-stock, public and charitable corporation pursuant to Section 162.385 of the School Bond Act and Chapter 273 and Section 58.180 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes) (the "Corporation") to act as an agency for the District for financing the costs of school building facilities. The members of the Board also comprise the Corporation's Board of Directors.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

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#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### B. Basis of Presentation, continued

The following is a summary of the basis of presentation:

**Government-wide Financial Statements** - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental, which normally are supported by tax revenues, and those that are considered business-type activities, which rely significantly on fees and charges for support.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

**Fund Financial Statements** - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities; and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the changes in total fund balances. Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the General Fund be reported as a major fund. All other governmental and proprietary funds whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures comprise at least 10% of the total for the relevant fund category and at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and proprietary funds combined must also be reported as major funds.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### B. Basis of Presentation, continued

The District has the following funds:

Governmental Fund Types:

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the District not encompassed within other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures and the capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. This is always a major fund of the District.

The Special Revenue (Grant) Fund accounts for proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to disbursements for specified purposes. It includes federal financial programs where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of the specified project periods as well as the state grant programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds. The separate projects of federally-funded grant programs are identified in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards included in this report. This is a major fund of the District.

Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds). The Capital Project Funds account for revenue and expenditures from three sources:

- A. The Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund receives those funds designated by the state as Capital Outlay Funds and is restricted for use in financing projects identified in the District's facility plan.
- B. The Facility Support Program of Kentucky (FSPK) accounts for funds generated by the building tax levy required to participate in the School Facilities Construction Commission's construction funding and state matching funds, where applicable. Funds may be used for projects identified in the District's facility plan.
- C. The Construction Fund accounts for proceeds from sales of bonds and other revenues to be used for authorized construction and/or remodeling. This is a major fund of the District.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest and related cost; and for the payment of interest on general obligation notes payable, as required by Kentucky law.

Proprietary Fund Types (Enterprise Funds):

The Food Service Fund is used to account for school food service activities, including the National School Lunch Program and the National School Breakfast Program, which are conducted in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). Amounts have been recorded for in-kind contribution of commodities from the USDA. The Food Service Fund is a major fund.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### B. Basis of Presentation, continued

Fiduciary Fund Type (Agency Funds):

The Agency Fund accounts for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. These funds are accounted for in accordance with the *Accounting Procedures for Kentucky School Activity Funds*.

#### C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues, Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions - Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenues are recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available typically means expected to be received within sixty days of the fiscal year-end. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenues from nonexchange transactions must also be available before they can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue/Advances from grantors - Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue. The District reports unearned revenue on its statement of net position and governmental fund's balance sheet. In both the government-wide and governmental fund statements, grants that are intended to finance future periods are reported as unearned revenue. In subsequent periods, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the statement of net position and governmental fund's balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Expenses/Expenditures - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on the flow of current financial resources. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred except for (1) principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recorded when due, and (2) the costs of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave, which are reported as fund liabilities in the period in which they will be liquidated with available financial resources rather than in the period earned by employees.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### C. Basis of Accounting, continued

The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

#### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied by September 30 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1, for all real and personal property in the county. The billings are considered due upon receipt by the taxpayer; however, the actual date is based on a period ending 30 days after the tax bill mailing. Property taxes collected are recorded as revenues in the fiscal year for which they were levied. All taxes collected are initially deposited into the General Fund and then transferred to the appropriate fund.

The property tax rates (including exonerations) assessed for the year ended June 30, 2020, to finance the General Fund operations were \$.627 per \$100 valuation for real property, \$.627 per \$100 valuation for business personal property and \$.492 per \$100 valuation for motor vehicles.

The District levies a utility gross receipts license tax in the amount of 3% of the gross receipts derived from the furnishings, within the county, of telephonic and telegraphic communications services, cablevision services, electric power, water, and natural, artificial and mixed gas.

#### D. Prepaid Assets

Payments made that will benefit periods beyond the end of the fiscal year are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

#### E. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the proprietary funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net position and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized.

All reported capital assets, except land and construction-in-progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

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#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### E. Capital Assets, continued

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives for both general capital assets and proprietary fund assets:

Description	Estimated Lives
Buildings and improvements	25-50 years
Land improvements	20 years
Technology equipment	5 years
School buses	10 years
Other vehicles	5 years
Audio-visual equipment	15 years
Food service equipment	12 years
Furniture and fixtures	7 years
Rolling stock	15 years
Other general equipment	10 years

#### F. Interfund Receivables and Payables

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statements of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

#### G. Accumulated Unpaid Sick Leave Benefits

Upon retirement from the school system, an employee will receive from the District an amount equal to 30% of the value of accumulated sick leave. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included.

The entire compensated absence liability includes the remaining 70% plus any accrued sick leave for people not eligible and is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, the amount of accumulated vacation and sick leave of employees has been recorded as a committed portion of fund balance. The balance of the liability is not recorded.

For governmental fund financial statements the current portion, if any, of unpaid accrued sick leave is the amount expected to be paid using expendable available resources. These amounts are recorded in the account "accumulated sick leave payable" in the General Fund. The noncurrent portion of the liability is not reported.

#### H. Bonds and Related Premiums, Discounts, and Issuance Costs

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discounts. Bond issuance costs are expensed when bonds are issued.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### H. Bonds and Related Premiums, Discounts, and Issuance Costs, continued

In governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs are recognized in the current period. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are also reported as other financing sources. Discounts related to debt issuance are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### I. Budgetary Process

The District's budgetary process accounts for certain transactions on a basis other than Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The major differences between the budgetary basis and the GAAP basis are:

- Revenues are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- Expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting (budgetary) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).

Once the budget is approved by the Board, it can be amended. Amendments are presented to the Board at their regular meetings. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end as dictated by law. Budgetary receipts represent original estimates modified for adjustments, if any, during the fiscal year. Budgetary disbursements represent original appropriations adjusted for budget transfers and additional appropriations, if any, approved during the fiscal year.

Each budget is prepared and controlled at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

#### J. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers demand deposits, certificates of deposit, money market funds, and other investments with an original maturity of 90 days or less, to be cash equivalents. As of June 30, 2020, the District did not have any cash equivalents.

#### K. Receivables

The District recognizes revenues as receivables when they are measurable and receipt is probable. Concentration of credit risk with respect to the receivables from federal and state governments is limited due to the historical stability of those institutions. Federal and state grants to be used or expended as specified by the grantor are recognized as revenue and recorded as receivables as qualifying expenditures are made.

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#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### L. Inventories

The School Food Service fund inventory consists of food, supplies and U.S. Government commodities.

The Food Service Fund inventory is stated at cost and uses the specific identification method.

#### M. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements; and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources.

However, claims and judgments, accumulated sick leave, contractually required pension contributions and special termination benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

#### N. Fund Balances

Fund balances are separated into five categories, as follows:

*Nonspendable fund balance* - is permanently nonspendable by decree of donor. Examples would be an endowment or that which may not be used for another purpose such as amounts used to prepay future expenses or already purchased inventory on hand.

Restricted fund balance - arise when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance - are those amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, which, for the District is the Board of Education. The Board of Education must approve by majority vote the establishment (and modification or rescinding) of a fund balance commitment.

Assigned fund balance - are those amounts that are constrained by the government's *intent* to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Education allows program supervisors to complete purchase orders which result in the encumbrance of funds. Assigned fund balance also includes (a) all remaining amounts (except for negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed and (b) amounts in the General Fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose.

*Unassigned fund balance* - is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### N. Fund Balances, continued

It is the Board's practice to liquidate funds when conditions have been met releasing these funds from legal, contractual, Board, or managerial obligations, using restricted funds first, followed by committed funds, assigned funds, then unassigned funds.

#### O. Encumbrances

Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end, and outstanding encumbrances at year-end are appropriated in the next year. Encumbrances are considered a managerial assignment of fund balance at June 30, 2020, in the governmental funds balance sheet.

#### P. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

#### Q. Operating and Non-Operating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary fund operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the respective primary activity. For the School District, those revenues are primarily charges for meals provided by the various schools. Non-operating revenues are not generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District those revenues come in the form of grants (federal and state), donated commodities, and earnings from investments.

#### R. Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of fixed assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

#### S. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

#### 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### T. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, designated fund balances, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### U. Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred inflows and deferred outflows are recorded on the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. The deferred outflows of resources presented were primarily created by differences in pension expectations, the prior refunding of revenue bonds, and deferral of pension contributions. Deferred inflows were primarily created by actuarial determinations of net pension liability changes.

#### V. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous (CERS) and Teachers Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (KTRS) and additions to/deductions from fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pensions. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### W. Postemployment Benefits Other Than OPEBs (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS) and the County Employees Retirement System Non-Hazardous (CERS) and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investments contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

#### X. Management's Review of Subsequent Events

The District has evaluated and considered the need to recognize or disclose subsequent events through January 11, 2021 which represents the date that these financial statements were available to be issued. Subsequent events past this date, as they pertain to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, have not been evaluated by the District.

#### 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Interest rate risk – In accordance with the District's investment policy, interest rate risk is limited by investing in public funds with the highest rate of return with the maximum security of principal. Investments are undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure preservation of the capital in its portfolio.

Credit risk – The District's investment policy limits the types of authorized investment instruments to obligations of the United States, its agencies, and instrumentalities. In addition, certificates of deposit or bonds of a bank or the Commonwealth of Kentucky, securities issued by a state or local government or shares of mutual funds are acceptable investments.

Concentration of credit risk – The District may invest, at any one time, funds in any one of the above listed categories with no limitation of the total amount of funds invested on behalf of the District.

Custodial credit risk – For deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. The District maintains deposits with financial institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). As allowed by law, the depository bank should pledge securities along with FDIC insurance at least equal to the amount on deposit at all times.

At year end, the bank balances of the District's total cash and investments was \$4,207,020. Of the total cash balance, \$250,000 was covered by Federal Depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral agreements and collateral held by the pledging banks' trust department in the District's name. At June 30, 2020 a letter of credit totaling \$4,200,000 was pledged to secure the deposits.

Cash and investments at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

Conoral abouting account	Bank <u>Balance</u>	Book <u>Balance</u>
General checking account General Fund Special Revenue Fund SEEK Capital Outlay Fund FSPK Building Fund Construction Fund Food Service Fund		\$ 2,159,934 - - 330,222 337,300 248,004
Total general checking account Fiduciary Fund – School activity funds	\$ 4,095,991 111,029	3,075,460 107,560
Total	\$ 4,207,020	<u>\$ 3,183,020</u>
Cash and investments by fund type are as follows:		
Governmental funds Proprietary funds Fiduciary funds		\$ 2,827,456 248,004 107,560
Total		\$ 3,183,020

#### 3. CAPITAL ASSETS

	Ju	ne 30, 2019					Jι	ıne 30, 2020
		Balance	-	Additions	Ret	irements		Balance
Governmental Activities								
Land	\$	491,402	\$	-	\$	_	\$	491,402
Land improvements	•	1,140,103	•	_	•	_	•	1,140,103
Buildings		34,854,881		1,088,549		_		35,943,430
Technology equipment		4,170,400		5,985		_		4,176,385
Vehicles		4,591,775		213,774		_		4,805,549
General equipment		1,862,506		132,071		_		1,994,577
Construction work in progress		54,900		-		54,900		-
Total historical cost		47,165,967		1,440,379		54,900		48,551,446
Less accumulated		, ,		, ,		,		, ,
depreciation		30,331,156		1,593,717		499		31,924,374
Governmental capital assets, net	\$	16,834,811	\$	(153,338)	\$	54,401	\$	16,627,072
Business-type Activities								
Buildings	\$	67,500	\$	-	\$	-	\$	67,500
Technology equipment		15,873		-		-		15,873
General equipment		533,634		53,130		-		586,764
Vehicles		-		46,460		-		46,460
Total historical cost		617,007		99,590		_		716,597
Less accumulated								
depreciation		385,168		35,212		-		420,380
Business-type capital assets, net	\$	231,839	\$	64,378	\$	-	\$	296,217

Depreciation expense for business-type activities was entirely incurred in the operation of the School Food Services. Depreciation for governmental activities was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 546,486
Student support	11,458
District administrative	464
School administrative	188
Plant operation and maintenance	703,290
Student transportation	 331,831
	\$ 1,593,717

#### 4. CAPITAL LEASE PAYABLE

The District has entered into a capital lease agreement for buses under which the buses will become the property of the District when all the terms of the lease agreement are met. The following schedule presents the capital lease activity for the year ended June 30, 2020:

		Interest		Original		Balance		Debt		Debt		Balance		ue Within
Description	Maturity	Rates		Issue June 30, 2		ne 30, 2019		Issued		Paid	June 30, 2020		One Year	
KISTA:														
2010A	March, 2020	1.00 - 3.30%	\$	161,709	\$	15,556	\$	-	\$	15,556	\$	-	\$	-
2010	March, 2020	2.0% - 3.9%		240,039		44,046		-		21,654		22,392		22,392
2012	March, 2022	2.00% - 2.6%		559,152		160,095		-		58,451		101,644		50,070
2013	March, 2023	2.00% - 3.00%		258,815		100,258		-		26,625		73,633		27,268
2014	March, 2024	2.00% - 3.00%		279,368		137,342		-		28,100		109,242		28,609
2014	June, 2034	3.00% - 3.50%		213,648		175,030		-		9,312		165,718		9,590
2015	March, 2025	1.00% - 2.625%		201,361		119,895		-		19,905		99,990		20,290
2016	March, 2026	2.00% - 2.625%		182,336		125,251		-		17,654		107,597		18,044
2017	March, 2027	2.00% - 2.625%	_	268,845		211,210	_		_	25,184		186,026		25,819
			\$	2,365,273	\$	1,088,683	\$	<u> </u>	\$	222,441	\$	866,242	\$	202,082

The following table presents a schedule by years of the future minimum lease payments under capital lease as of June 30, 2020:

Year	F	Principal	Interest	Total	
2021	\$	202,082	\$ 22,701	\$ 224,783	
2022		179,232	17,688	196,920	
2023		125,899	13,364	139,263	
2024		102,836	10,306	113,142	
2025		74,416	7,634	82,050	
2026-2030		126,389	18,352	144,741	
2031-2034		55,388	 4,930	 60,318	
Totals	\$	866,242	\$ 94,975	\$ 961,217	

Less: amounts representing interest

Net capital lease liability \$ 866,242

(94,975)

5. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

#### **KSBIT**

During a prior fiscal year, the District was notified that the Kentucky School Board Insurance Trust (KSBIT) would be dissolving as the self-insurance provider for school districts in Kentucky. On June 4, 2014, the Franklin Circuit Court issued an order informing the former members of the Kentucky School Board Insurance Trust Workers' Compensation Fund that they would be assessed a portion of the fund's unfunded liability. The court approved assessment requires the District to pay the following future amount that is included in long term debt:

FY 2021	\$	70,829
FY 2022		72,987
FY 2023		75,209
FY 2024		77,549
FY 2025	_	80,062
Total	\$	376.636

#### **Bond Obligations**

The amounts shown in the accompanying basic financial statements as bond obligations represent the District's future obligations to make debt payments relating to the bonds issued by the Breathitt County School District Finance Corporation.

The original amount of each issue, the issue date, and interest rates of bonded debt and lease obligations are summarized below:

Issue Date	F	Proceeds	Rates
2007R	\$	2,690,000	3.5% - 4.3%
2012	\$	765,000	1.5% - 2.375%
2013R	\$	750,000	2.15%
2014	\$	295,000	2.00% - 3.00%
2015R	\$	2,150,000	1.00% - 2.00%
2015	\$	7,990,000	2.00% - 3.25%
2015WW	\$	530,000	3.10%
2016R	\$	2,350,000	2.00% - 3.00%
2019R	\$	1,235,000	2.00% - 2.85%

During 2020, the District issued \$1,235,000 of School Building Revenue Bonds, Series 2019. The proceeds were used to finance the renovations at Sebastian Middle School to convert it to Sebastian Elementary School. The bonds are to be repaid over 20 years and bear interest at 2.00% - 2.85%.

The District, through the General Fund, including utility taxes and the Support Education Excellence in Kentucky (SEEK) Capital Outlay Fund, is obligated to make payments in amounts sufficient to satisfy debt service requirements on bonds issued by the Breathitt County School District Finance Corporation to construct school facilities. The District has an option to purchase the property under lease at any time by retiring the bonds then outstanding.

#### 5. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

The District entered into "participation agreements" with the Kentucky School Facility Construction Commission (Commission). The Commission was created by the Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting local school districts in meeting school construction needs. The participation agreements generally provide for the Commission to assist the District in meeting bond obligations and are renewable, at the Commission's option, bi-annually. In 2008, the District also entered into an agreement with the Urgent Needs Trust Fund. The Urgent Needs Trust Fund was established by the 2003 Kentucky General Assembly for the purpose of assisting school districts that have urgent and critical construction needs. The Urgent Needs Trust Fund is administered by the School Facility Construction Commission. Should the Kentucky General Assembly choose to not fund the Commission in the future, the District would be responsible for meeting the full requirements of the bond issues. The table below sets forth the amount to be paid by the District and the Commission for each year until maturity of all bond issues.

The liability for the total bond amount remains with the District and, as such, the total principal outstanding has been recorded in the financial statements.

The bonds may be called prior to maturity and redemption premiums are specified in each issue. Assuming no bonds are called prior to scheduled maturity, the minimum obligations of the District, including amounts to be paid by the Commission at June 30, 2020 for debt service (principal and interest) are as follows:

	•				Kentucky School Facility Construction Commission				Total		Total		
Year		Principal	וופוט	Interest		Principal Interest				Principal		Interest	
2021	\$	874,666	\$	244,343	\$	255,334	\$	85,318	\$	1,130,000	\$	329,661	
2022	•	644,446		231,965		260,554	·	80,100		905,000		312,065	
2023		669,068		217,381		265,932		74,721		935,000		292,102	
2024		698,578		202,394		271,422		69,230		970,000		271,624	
2025		653,606		186,490		231,394		63,519		885,000		250,009	
2026		618,753		172,205		236,247		58,665		855,000		230,870	
2027		648,575		156,812		241,425		53,485		890,000		210,297	
2028		696,756		138,486		248,244		46,667		945,000		185,153	
2029		450,204		117,540		144,796		39,593		595,000		157,133	
2030		486,180		103,989		148,820		35,569		635,000		139,558	
2031		511,977		89,433		153,023		31,367		665,000		120,800	
2032		487,624		74,726		157,376		27,014		645,000		101,740	
2033		548,015		59,584		161,985		22,405		710,000		81,989	
2034		593,269		42,548		166,731		17,660		760,000		60,208	
2035		643,207		23,227		171,793		12,596		815,000		35,823	
2036		12,430		2,525		57,570		7,345		70,000		9,870	
2037		15,898		2,153		59,102		5,813		75,000		7,966	
2038		19,257		1,670		60,743		4,172		80,000		5,842	
2039		17,501		1,147		62,499		2,416		80,000		3,563	
2040		31,478		449		53,522		764	_	85,000		1,213	
	\$	9,321,488	\$	2,069,067	\$	3,408,512	\$	738,419	\$	12,730,000	\$	2,807,486	

#### 5. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

A summary of the changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

	Balance								
Long-term debt		July 1, 2019		Additions		Deductions	June 30, 2020		
2007R	\$	40,000	\$	-	\$	5,000	\$	35,000	
2012		530,000		-		45,000		485,000	
2013R		675,000		-		15,000		660,000	
2014		205,000		-		30,000		175,000	
2015R		1,205,000		-		595,000		610,000	
2015	7,265,000			-		245,000		7,020,000	
2015WW		430,000		-		10,000		420,000	
2016R		2,190,000		-		100,000		2,090,000	
2019R		-		1,235,000		-		1,235,000	
Premium on bonds		25,607		-		2,845		22,762	
KISTA leases		1,088,683		-		222,441		866,242	
Net pension liability		6,662,184		284,565		-		6,946,749	
Net OPEB - CERS		1,942,127		-		281,230		1,660,897	
Net OPEB - KTRS		4,423,076		-		777,300		3,645,776	
KSBIT bonded debt		445,661		-		69,025		376,636	
Accrued sick leave		236,779	_		_	54,326		182,453	
	\$	27,364,117	\$	1,519,565	\$	2,452,167	\$	26,431,515	

#### 6. RETIREMENT PLANS

The School District is a participating employer of the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS) and the Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System (KTRS). KTRS requires that members of KTRS occupy a position requiring either a four (4) year college degree or certification by the Kentucky Department of Education (KDE). Job classifications that permit experience to substitute for either of these requirements do not participate in KTRS. CERS covers employees whose position does not require a college degree or teaching certificate.

#### **KTRS**

Plan description – Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided pensions through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information">https://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information</a>.

# 6. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### KTRS, continued

Benefits provided – For members who have established an account in a retirement system administered by the Commonwealth prior to July 1, 2008, members become vested when they complete five (5) years of credited service. To qualify for monthly retirement benefits, payable for life, members must either:

- 1.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service.

Non-university members receive monthly payments equal to two (2) percent (service prior to July 1, 1983) and two and one-half (2.5) percent (service after July 1, 1983) of their final average salaries for each year of credited service. Non-university members who became members on or after July 1, 2002 will receive monthly benefits equal to 2% of their final average salary for each year of service if, upon retirement, their total service is less than ten years. New members after July 1, 2002 who retire with ten or more years of total service will receive monthly benefits equal to 2.5% of their final average salary for each year of service, including the first ten years. In addition, members who retire July 1, 2004 and later with more than 30 years of service will have their multiplier increased for all years over 30 from 2.5% to 3.0% to be used in their benefit calculation.

Final average salary is defined as the member's five (5) highest annual salaries for those with less than 27 years of service. Members at least age 55 with 27 or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries to compute the final average salary. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 5% per year from the earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service. The minimum annual service allowance for all members is \$440 multiplied by credited service.

Benefits provided - For members who have established an account in a retirement system by the Commonwealth on or after July 1, 2008:

- 1.) Attain age sixty (60) and complete five (5) years of Kentucky service, or
- 2.) Complete 27 years of Kentucky service, or
- 3.) Attain age fifty-five (55) and complete ten (10) years of Kentucky service.

The annual retirement allowance for non-university members is equal to: (a) one and seven tenths percent (1.7%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is 10 years or less; (b) two percent (2.0%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 10 years but no more than 20 years; (c) two and three tenths percent (2.3%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 20 years but no more than 26 years; (d) two and one half percent (2.5%) of final average salary for each year of credited service if their service is greater than 26 years but no more than 30 years; (e) three percent (3.0%) of final average salary for years credited service greater than 30 years.

The final average salary is the member's five (5) highest annual salaries except members at least age fifty-five (55) with twenty-seven (27) or more years of service may use their three (3) highest annual salaries. For all members, the annual allowance is reduced by 6% per year from earlier of age 60 or the date the member would have completed 27 years of service.

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#### 6. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### KTRS, continued

Other benefits – TRS also provides disability benefits for vested members at the rate of sixty (60) percent of the final average salary. A life insurance benefit, payable upon the death of a member, is \$2,000 for active contributing members and \$5,000 for retired or disabled members, and TRS also provides postemployment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents.

Cost of living increases are one and one-half (1.5%) percent annually. Additional ad hoc increases and any other benefit amendments must be authorized by the General Assembly.

Contributions – Contribution rates are established by Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). Non-university members are required to contribute 12.855% of their salaries to the System.

The Commonwealth of Kentucky, as a non-employer contributing entity, pays matching contributions of the amount 13.105% of salaries for local school district and regional cooperative employees hired before July 1, 2008 and 14.105% for those hired after July 1, 2008. For local school district and regional cooperative members whose salaries are federally funded, the employer contributes 16.105% of salaries. If an employee leaves covered employment before accumulating five (5) years of credited service, accumulated employee pension contributions plus interest are refunded to the employee upon the member's request.

#### CERS

The District is a participating employer of the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS). Under the provisions of Kentucky Revised Statute 61.645, the Board of Trustees of Kentucky Retirement Systems administers the CERS. The plan issues publicly available financial statements which may be downloaded from the Kentucky Retirement Systems website.

Plan Description – CERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in positions of each participating county, city, and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the System. The plan provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Retirement benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances. Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA) are provided at the discretion of state legislature.

Contributions – For the year ended June 30, 2020, plan members were required to contribute 5.00% of wages for non-hazardous job classifications. Employees hired after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute an additional 1% to cover the cost of medical insurance that is provided through CERS. Participating employers were required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. Per Kentucky Revised Statute Section 78.545(33), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last proceeding the July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contributions rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial basis adopted by the Board. For the year ended June 30, 2020, participating employers contributed 24.06% of each employee's wages, for non-hazardous job classifications. The contributions are allocated to both the pension and insurance trusts. The insurance trust is more fully described in Note 7. Plan members contributed 19.33% to the pension trust for non-hazardous job classifications. The contribution rates are equal to the actuarially determined rate set by the Board. Administrative costs of Kentucky Retirement System are financed through employer contributions and investment earnings.

#### 6. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### CERS, continued

Plan members who began participating on, or after, January 1, 2014, are required to contribute to the Cash Balance Plan. The Cash Balance Plan is known as a hybrid plan because it has characteristics of both a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Members in the plan contribute a set percentage of their salary each month to their own account. Plan members contribute 5.00% of wages to their own account and 1% to the health insurance fund. The employer contribution rate is set annually by the Board based on an actuarial valuation. The employer contributes a set percentage of each member's salary. Each month, when employer contributions are received, an employer pay credit is deposited to the member's account. For non-hazardous members, their account is credited with a 4% employer pay credit. The employer pay credit represents a portion of the employer contribution.

The District contributed \$593,954 for the year ended June 30, 2020, or 100% of the required contribution. The contribution was allocated \$476,447 to the CERS pension fund and \$117,507 to the CERS insurance fund.

Benefits – CERS provides retirement, health insurance, death and disability benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries. Employees are vested in the plan after five years' service.

For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers based on hire date:

Tier 1 Participation date Before September 1, 2008
Unreduced retirement 27 years service or 65 years old

Reduced retirement At least 5 years service and 55 years old or at least 25 years service and any age

Tier 2 Participation date September 1, 2008 - December 31, 2013

Unreduced retirement At least 5 years service and 65 years old or age

57+ and sum of service years plus age equal to 87+

Tier 3 Participation date After December 31, 2013

Unreduced retirement At least 5 years service and 65 years old or age

57+ and sum of service years plus age equal to 87+

Reduced retirement Not available

Cost of living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the General Assembly. Retirement is based on a factor of the number of years' service and hire date multiplied by the average of the highest five years' earnings. Reduced benefits are based on factors of both of these components. Participating employees become eligible to receive the health insurance benefit after at least 180 months of service. Death benefits are provided for both death after retirement and death prior to retirement. Death benefits after retirement are \$5,000 in lump sum. Five years' service is required for death benefits prior to retirement and the employee must have suffered a duty-related death. The decedent's beneficiary will receive the higher of the normal death benefit and \$10,000 plus 25% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay and any dependent child will receive 10% of the decedent's monthly final rate of pay up to 40% for all dependent children. Five years' service is required for nonservice-related disability benefits.

### 6. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

### CERS and KTRS:

Pension Liabilities, Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources - At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$6,946,749 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for CERS. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as June 30, 2018, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019, the District's proportion was .10 percent. The District's proportion at June 30, 2018 was .11 percent, a decrease of .01 percent.

The District did not report a liability for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for KTRS because the Commonwealth of Kentucky provides the pension support directly to KTRS on behalf of the District. The Commonwealth of Kentucky recognized \$31,564,055 as its proportionate share of the net pension liability for KTRS. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as June 30, 2018, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the actual liability of the employees and former employees relative to the total liability of the System as determined by the actuary. At June 30, 2019, the State's proportion was .2313 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$928,533 related to CERS and \$2,375,369 related to KTRS. The District also recognized revenue of \$2,375,369 for KTRS support provided by the Commonwealth of Kentucky. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred tflows of sources	Inf	eferred flows of sources
Differences between expected and actual results	\$	177,371	\$	29,352
Changes of assumptions		703,090		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
plan investments		-		111,985
Changes in proportion and differences between District				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		549,668
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		476,447		
Total	\$	<u>1,356,908</u>	\$	691,005

The \$476,447 of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2020 will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

### Year ending June 30,

2021	\$ 212,744
2022	\$ (35,207)
2023	\$ 3,973
2024	\$ 7,946

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### 6. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

### CERS and KTRS, continued:

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liability reported at June 30, 2019, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

### CERS:

Inflation 2.30%

Salary increases 3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service, including inflation Investment rate of return 6.25%, net of Plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Mortality Table projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 Mortality Improvement Scale using a base year of 2010. The Mortality Table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 Mortality Improvement Scale using a base year of 2019. The Mortality Table used for disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality Table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 Mortality Improvement Scale using a base year of 2010.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018, actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008 - June 30, 2013. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2018) to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2019.

### KTRS:

Valuation date 6/30/18
Actuarial cost method Entry age

Investment rate of return 7.50%, net of plan investment expense, including inflation

Projected salary increases 3.50 – 7.30%, including inflation

Inflation rate 3.00%
Municipal Bond Index Rate 3.50%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate 7.50%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on a projection of Scale BB to 2025, set forward two years for males and one year for females. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010 – June 30, 2015.

6. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Target Allocations

### **CERS**

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic nominal real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Growth	62.50%	
US Equity	18.75%	4.30%
Non-US Equity	18.75%	4.80%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.65%
Special credit/high yield	15.00%	2.60%
Liquidity	14.50%	
Core Bonds	13.50%	1.35%
Cash	1.00%	0.20%
Diversifying Strategies	23.00%	
Real Estate	5.00%	4.85%
Opportunistic	3.00%	2.97%
Real Return	15.00%	4.10%
Total	100.00%	6.25%

### **KTRS**

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class U.S. Equity	Target Allocation 40%	Expected Real Rate of Return 4.20%
International Equity	22%	5.20%
Fixed Income	15%	1.20%
Additional Categories	7%	3.20%
Real Estate	7%	3.80%
Private Equity	7%	6.30%
Cash	2%	0.90%
Total	100%	

6. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate

### **CERS**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 24-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The actuarial determined contribution rate is adjusted to reflect the phase in of anticipated gains on actuarial value of assets over the first four years of the projection period. The discount rate does not use a municipal bond rate.

### KTRS

For 2019, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rates and the employer contributions will be made at the Actuarially Determined Contribution rates for all fiscal years in the future. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.25 percent) than the current rate:

			CERS
			District's
		-	proportionate
			share of net
	CERS		pension
	Discount rate		liability
1% decrease	5.25%	\$	8,688,413
Current discount rate	6.25%	\$	6,946,749
1% increase	7.25%	\$	5,495,089

### 7. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) - CERS

Plan Description – As more fully described in Note 6, the District participates in the County Employees' Retirement System (CERS). CERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers substantially all regular full-time members employed in positions of each participating county, city, and school board, and any additional eligible local agencies electing to participate in the System. In addition to retirement benefits, the plan provides for health insurance benefits to plan members (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). OPEB benefits may be extended to beneficiaries of plan members under certain circumstances.

### 7. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) - CERS (CONTINUED)

Contributions – As more fully described in Note 6, plan members contribute to CERS for non-hazardous job classifications. For the year ending June 30, 2020, the employer's contribution was 4.76% to the insurance trust for non-hazardous job classifications. Employees hired after September 1, 2008 were required to contribute an additional 1% to cover the cost of medical insurance that is provided through CERS. Participating employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate.Per Kentucky Revised Statute Section 78.545(33), normal contribution and past service contribution rates shall be determined by the Board on the basis of an annual valuation last proceeding the July 1 of a new biennium. The Board may amend contribution rates as of the first day of July of the second year of a biennium, if it is determined on the basis of a subsequent actuarial valuation that amended contribution rates are necessary to satisfy requirements determined in accordance with actuarial basis adopted by the Board. The contribution rates are equal to the actuarially determined rate set by the Board. Administrative costs of Kentucky Retirement System are financed through employer contributions and investment earnings.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District contributed \$117,507 or 100% of the required contribution for non-hazardous job classifications.

Benefits - CERS provides health insurance benefits to Plan employees and beneficiaries.

For retirement purposes, employees are grouped into three tiers based on hire date:

Tier 1	Participation date Insurance eligibility Benefit	Before July 1, 2003 10 years of service credit required Set percentage of single coverage health insurance based on service credit accrued at retirement
Tier 1	Participation date Insurance eligibility Benefit	Before September 1, 2008 but after July 1, 2003 10 years of service credit required Set dollar amount based on service credit accrued, increased annually
Tier 2	Participation date Insurance eligibility Benefit	After September 1, 2008 and before December 31, 2013 15 years of service credit required Set dollar amount based on service credit accrued, increased annually
Tier 3	Participation date Insurance eligibility Benefit	After December 31, 2013 15 years of service credit required Set dollar amount based on service credit accrued, increased annually

OPEB Liabilities, Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources – At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability of \$1,660,897.

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share at June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018 was .10%.

7. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) - CERS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$130,609. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual results	\$ -	\$ 501,131
Changes of assumptions	491,476	3,286
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		
Plan investments	-	73,770
Changes in proportion and differences between		
District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	250,572
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	153,169	
Total	\$ 644,64 <u>5</u>	<u>\$ 828,759</u>

The \$153,169 of deferred outflows of resources resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. This includes an adjustment of \$35,662 related to the implicit subsidy, which is required to be recognized as a deferred outflow of resources. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

### Year ending June 30,

2021	\$ (63,915)
	, ,
2022	\$ (63,915)
2023	\$ (40,460)
2024	\$ (85,273)
2025	\$ (69,633)
2026	\$ (14.087)

Actuarial Assumptions – The total OPEB liability reported at June 30, 2019, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

### Non-hazardous

Inflation	2.30%
Salary increases	3.30% to 10.30%, varies by service, including inflation
Investment rate of return Healthcare trend	6.25%, net of Plan investment expense, including inflation
Pre – 65:	Initial trend starting at 7.00% at January 1, 2020, and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 12 years.
Post – 65:	Initial trend starting at 5.00% at January 1, 2020, and gradually decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.05% over a period of 10 years.

### 7. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) - CERS (CONTINUED)

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Mortality Table projected with the ultimate rates from the MP-2014 Mortality Improvement Scale using a base year of 2010. The Mortality Table used for healthy retired members was a system-specific mortality table based on mortality experience from 2013-2018, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 Mortality Improvement Scale using a base year of 2019. The Mortality Table used for disabled members was PUB-2010 Disabled Mortality Table, with a 4-year set-forward for both male and female rates, projected with the ultimate rates from MP-2014 Mortality Improvement Scale using a base year of 2010.

The actuarial assumption used in the June 30, 2018, valuation was based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 - June 30, 2018. The total OPEB liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date (June 30, 2018) to the plan's fiscal year ending June 30, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return was determined by using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rate of returns are developed for each asset class. The ranges are combined by weighting the expected future real rate of return by the target asset allocation percentage.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic nominal real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Growth	62.50%	
US Equity	18.75%	4.30%
Non-US Equity	18.75%	4.80%
Private Equity	10.00%	6.65%
Special credit/high yield	15.00%	2.60%
Liquidity	14.50%	
Core Bonds	13.50%	1.35%
Cash	1.00%	0.20%
Diversifying Strategies	23.00%	
Real Estate	5.00%	4.85%
Opportunistic	3.00%	2.97%
Real Return	15.00%	4.10%
Total	100.00%	6.25%

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.68% for non-hazardous classifications. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that local employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 24-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The discount rate determination used an expected rate of return of 6.25%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.56%, as reported in Fidelity Index's "20 – Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 28, 2019. However, the cost associated with the implicit employer subsidy was not included in the calculation of the System's actuarial determined contributions, and any cost associated with the implicit subsidy will not be paid out of the System's trusts. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to future expected benefit payments associated with the implicit subsidy.

### 7. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) - CERS (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

		District's proportionate share of net
	Discount rate	OPEB liability
1% decrease	4.68%	\$ 2,224,919
Current discount rate	5.68%	\$ 1,660,897
1% increase	6.68%	\$ 1,196,181

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability
1% decrease	\$ 1,235,217
Current trend rate	\$ 1,660,897
1% increase	\$ 2,177,084

OPEB plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report.

### 8. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) - KTRS

Plan description – Teaching-certified employees of the Kentucky School District are provided OPEBs through the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Kentucky (TRS)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation established to provide retirement annuity plan coverage for local school districts and other public educational agencies in the state. TRS was created by the 1938 General Assembly and is governed by Chapter 161 Section 220 through Chapter 161 Section 990 of the Kentucky Revised Statutes (KRS). TRS is a blended component unit of the Commonwealth of Kentucky and therefore is included in the Commonwealth's financial statements. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information">https://trs.ky.gov/financial-reports-information</a>.

### 8. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) - KTRS (CONTINUED)

The District reports a liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense as a result of its statutory requirement to contribute to the TRS Medical Insurance and Life Insurance Plans. The following information is about the TRS plans:

### Medical Insurance Plan

Plan description – In addition to the OPEB benefits described above, Kentucky Revised Statute 161.675 requires TRS to provide post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible members and dependents. The TRS Medical Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the medical plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees, the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided – To be eligible for medical benefits, the member must have retired either for service or disability. The TRS Medical Insurance Fund offers coverage to members under the age of 65 through the Kentucky Employees Health Plan administered by the Kentucky Department of Employee Insurance. TRS retired members are given a supplement to be used for payment of their health insurance premium. The amount of the member's supplement is based on a contribution supplement table approved by the TRS Board of Trustees. The retired member pays premiums in excess of the monthly supplement. Once retired members and eligible spouses attain age 65 and are Medicare eligible, coverage is obtained through the TRS Medicare Eligible Health Plan.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement healthcare benefit, seven and one-half percent (7.50%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed. Three percent (3.00%) is paid by member contributions and three quarters percent (.75%) from state appropriation and three percent (3.00%) from the employer. The state contributes the net cost of health insurance premiums for members who retired on or after July 1, 2010 who are in the non-Medicare eligible group. Also, the premiums collected from retirees as described in the plan description and investment interest help meet the medical expenses of the plan.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs – At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$3,645,776 for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state OPEB support provided to the District. The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The District's proportion of the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was .13 percent.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability

\$ 3,645,776

State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District

2,944,000

Total <u>\$ 6,589,776</u>

### 8. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) - KTRS (CONTINUED)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$60,000 and revenue of \$175,162 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual results	\$	- \$ 882,430
Changes of assumptions  Net difference between projected and actual earnings on	96,93	7 -
Plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between	15,49	0 -
District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		- 335,000
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	215,33	1
Total	\$ 327,75	<u>8</u> <u>\$ 1,217,430</u>

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$215,331 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in the District's OPEB expense as follows:

### Year ending June 30,

2021	\$ (214,000)
2022	\$ (214,000)
2023	\$ (206,000)
2024	\$ (208,000)
2025	\$ (168,000)
2026	\$ (95,003)

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability reported at June 30, 2019, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.
Projected salary increases	3.50 – 7.20%, including wage inflation
Inflation rate	3.00%
Real Wage Growth	0.50%
Wage Inflation	3.50%
Healthcare cost trend rates	
KEHP Group	7.5% for FY 2019 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FY 2024
MEHP Group	5.50% for FY 2019 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% by FY 2021
Medicare Part B Premiums	2.63% for FY 2019 with an ultimate rate of 5.00% by 2031
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.5%
Discount Rate	8.00%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	8.00%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.

### 8. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) - KTRS (CONTINUED)

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB, and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement. The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the System, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2015. The remaining actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuation of the MIF were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2018 valuation. The health care cost trend rate assumption was updated for the June 30, 2018 valuation and was shown as an assumption change in the TOL roll forward while the change in initial per capita claims costs were included with experience in the TOL roll forward.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Expected Geometric Real Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
Global Equity	58.0%	5.1%
Fixed Income	9.0%	1.2%
Real Estate	6.5%	3.8%
Private Equity	8.5%	6.3%
Other Additional Categories	17.0%	3.2%
Cash	1.0%	.9%
Total	100%	

*Discount rate* - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 8.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 74.

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability of the System, calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (9.00%) than the current rate:

		% Decrease (7.00%)	Current Discount Rate (8.00%)			1% Increase (9.00%)		
District's net OPEB liability	\$	4,318,828	\$	3,645,776	\$	3,081,995		

### 8. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) - KTRS (CONTINUED)

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Current
1% Decrease Trend Rate 1% Increase

District's net OPEB liability \$ 2,967,844 \$ 3,645,776 \$ 4,479,409

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position* – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

### Life Insurance Plan

Plan description – Life Insurance Plan – TRS administers the life insurance plan as provided by Kentucky Revised Statute 161.655 to eligible active and retired members. The TRS Life Insurance benefit is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit plan with a special funding situation. Changes made to the life insurance plan may be made by the TRS Board of Trustees and the General Assembly.

Benefits provided – TRS provides a life insurance benefit of five thousand dollars payable for members who retire based on service or disability. TRS provides a life insurance benefit of two thousand dollars payable for its active contributing members. The life insurance benefit is payable upon the death of the member to the member's estate or to a party designated by the member.

Contributions – In order to fund the post-retirement life insurance benefit, three hundredths of one percent (.03%) of the gross annual payroll of members is contributed by the state.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs – At June 30, 2020, the District did not report a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability for life insurance benefits because the State of Kentucky provides the OPEB support directly to TRS on behalf of the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability

State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District

Total

\$ 68,000

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized revenue of \$2,892 for support provided by the State.

### 8. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) - KTRS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability reported at June 30, 2019, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement::

Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.
Projected salary increases	3.50 – 7.45%, including wage inflation
Inflation rate	3.00%
Real Wage Growth	0.50%
Wage Inflation	3.50%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	3.50%
Discount Rate	7.50%
Single Equivalent Interest Rate	7.50%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB, and set forward two years for males and one year for females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table set forward two years for males and seven years for females is used for the period after disability retirement. The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, rates of plan participation, and rates of plan election used in the June 30, 2018 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience studies for the System, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by TRS's investment consultant, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	40.0%	4.2%
International Equity	23.0%	5.2%
Fixed Income	18.0%	1.2%
Real Estate	6.0%	3.8%
Private Equity	5.0%	6.3%
Additional Categories	6.0%	3.3%
Cash	2.0%	.9%
Total	100%	

*Discount rate* - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability for life insurance was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 74.

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position* – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS financial report.

### 9. DEFERRED COMPENSATION

The District offers its employees participation in a deferred compensation program administered by the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. This program offers a plan authorized by Section 457(b) of the Internal Revenue Code and a plan authorized by Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. Both plans are available to all employees and permit them to defer up to 25% of their compensation (subject to limits) until future years. The District makes no contributions to these plans.

### 10. CONTINGENCIES

The District receives funding from federal, state, and local government agencies and private contributions. These funds are to be used for designated purposes only. For government agency grants, if the grantor's review indicates that the funds have not been used for the intended purpose, the grantors may request a refund of monies advanced or refuse to reimburse the District for its disbursements. The amount of such future refunds and unreimbursed disbursements, if any, is not expected to be significant. Continuation of the District's grant programs is predicated upon the grantors' satisfaction that the funds provided are being spent as intended and the grantors' intent to continue the programs.

### 11. LITIGATION

The District is subject to legal actions in various states of litigation, the outcome of which is not determinable at this time. Management of the District and its legal counsel do not anticipate that there will be any material effect on the financial statements as a result of the cases presently in progress.

### 12. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To obtain insurance for workers' compensation, errors and omissions, and general liability coverage, the District purchases various insurance policies.

The District purchased unemployment insurance through the Kentucky School Boards Insurance Trust Unemployment Compensation Fund; however, risk has not been transferred to such fund. In addition, the District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

### 13. COBRA

Under COBRA, employers are mandated to notify terminated employees of available continuing insurance coverage. Failure to comply with this requirement may put the school district at risk for a substantial loss. There were no instances of noncompliance noted.

### 14. TRANSFER OF FUNDS

The following transfers were made during the year:

Type	From Fund	To Fund	Purpose	Amount
Operating	Food Service	General	Indirect Costs	\$ 50,155
Operating	Special Revenue	General	Indirect Costs	\$ 2,984
Matching	General	Special Revenue	KETS Match	\$ 33,663
Operating	General	Debt Service	Bond Payments	\$ 320,835
Operating	Capital Outlay	General	COFT	\$ 161,021
Operating	Building	Debt Service	Bond Payments	\$ 786,379
Operating	General	Food Service	Uncollected debt	\$ 5,267

### 15. ON-BEHALF PAYMENTS

The Commonwealth of Kentucky pays certain expenses on behalf of the District. These expenses include employee health insurance, the employer match of Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System, certain other employee benefits, specific technology expense and debt service. These amounts are included in the fund financial statements; however, the revenues and related expenditures are not budgeted amounts.

The following payments for fringe benefits are included as revenues and expenses on the statement of activities:

Retirement contributions to the Teachers'	
Retirement System of Kentucky	\$ 2,375,369
Medical insurance contributions to KTRS	178,054
Health and Life insurance	1,881,929
Other	(103,347)
Technology	95,884
Debt Service	 286,368
	\$ 4,714,257

### 16. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The general fund presented an interfund receivable from the special revenue fund of \$529,744 and there was a corresponding presentation of an interfund payable in the special revenue fund.

### 17. COVID-19 PANDEMIC

In early 2020, various restrictions were placed on school districts across the United States in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. The duration and pervasiveness of these restrictions are uncertain as of the date of these financial statements. The District is evaluating the impact of COVID-19 and related responses on the operations and finances of the District. Restrictions placed on the District, including restrictions on in-person instruction could negatively impact the District's revenue and expenses for an unknown period of time. At this time, a specific estimate of the impact could not reasonably be determined due to a number of unknown factors regarding the severity and duration of the event.

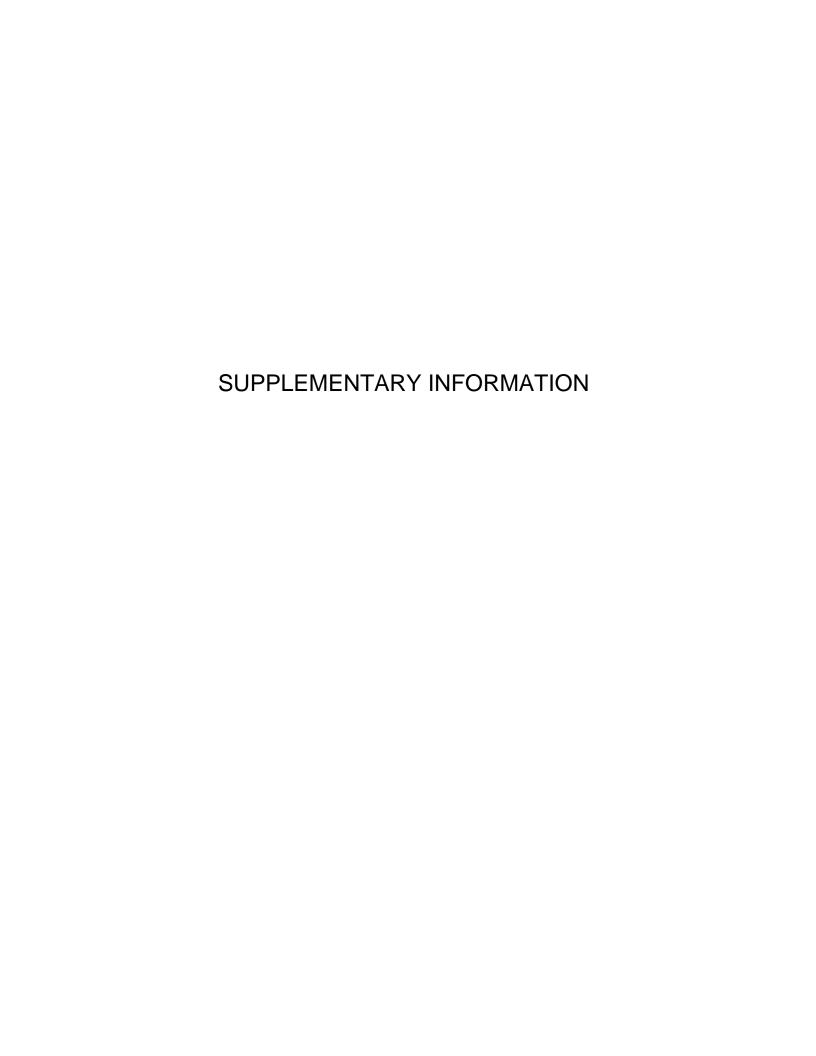
### 18. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities

In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This statement was effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018, but was delayed by one year with the issuance of GASB Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*. The District has elected not to early implement GASB 84 and at the date of these financials statements is anticipating implementing GASB 84 during fiscal year 2021.

### 19. EXTRAORDINARY ITEM

In early May 2020, the Coliseum at Breathitt County High School experienced significant fire damage. As of the date of these financial statements the District has recovered over \$2 million from the insurance company, proceeds of which are being used for necessary repairs. On the financial statements, the insurance proceeds are reported on a separate line item "Extraordinary item – insurance reimbursement".



### BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND for the year ended June 30, 2020

REVENUES	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Taxes	\$ 2,227,500	\$ 2,226,392	\$ 2,598,325	\$ 371,933
Other local sources	26,500	26,500	115,913	ψ 371,933 89,413
State sources	12,952,906	12,939,582	13,926,976	987,394
Federal sources		75,000	88,055	13,055
rederal sources	75,000	75,000	66,033	13,033
TOTAL REVENUES	15,281,906	15,267,474	16,729,269	1,461,795
EXPENDITURES				
Instruction	8,312,052	8,180,070	8,176,986	3,084
Support services	, ,	, ,	, ,	,
Student	914,248	936,879	1,049,954	(113,075)
Instructional staff	728,416	787,170	944,086	(156,916)
District administration	903,753	949,459	865,269	84,190
School administration	1,006,393	1,011,713	1,180,200	(168,487)
Business	337,135	335,113	392,301	(57,188)
Plant operation and maintenance	1,534,844	1,913,992	1,961,841	(47,849)
Student transportation	1,345,241	1,256,153	1,186,091	70,062
Contingency	1,000,000	1,305,249	-	1,305,249
Capital outlay	445,800	445,800	406,346	39,454
Debt service	316,833	316,833	316,833	-
	<del></del>			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	16,844,715	17,438,431	16,479,907	958,524
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(1,562,809)	(2,170,957)	249,362	2,420,319
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Proceeds from sale of assets	2,500	2,500	9,926	7,426
Operating transfers in	60,014	61,122	214,160	153,038
Operating transfers out	(355,835)	(355,835)	(359,765)	(3,930)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(293,321)	(292,213)	(135,679)	156,534
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,856,130)	(2,463,170)	113,683	2,576,853
Fund balances-beginning	1,856,130	2,463,170	2,590,260	127,090
Fund balances-ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,703,943	\$ 2,703,943

### BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND for the year ended June 30, 2020

Variance Original **Favorable** Final **Budget Budget** Actual (Unfavorable) **REVENUES** Local sources 154,549 181,549 126,595 \$ (54,954)State sources 1,323,332 1,214,952 1,169,433 (45,519)Federal sources 2,757,097 4,023,868 2,952,815 (1,071,053)**TOTAL REVENUES** 4,234,978 5,420,369 4,248,843 (1,171,526)**EXPENDITURES** Instruction 2,792,097 3,341,865 2,859,711 482,154 Support services 93,960 401,040 62,338 338,702 Student 281,368 Instructional staff 899,119 1,016,636 735,268 District administration 72 (72)**Business** 6,787 (6,787)Plant operation and maintenance 119,958 103,321 82,924 20,397 Student transportation 84,010 309,111 279,981 29,130 Food Service Operation 4.500 4,500 Community services activities 270,819 270,823 246,456 24,367 Capital outlay (Note 1) 5,985 (5,985)**TOTAL EXPENDITURES** 4,259,963 5,447,296 4,279,522 1,167,774 Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures (24,985)(26,927)(30,679)(3,752)**OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)** 35,000 Operating transfers in 35,000 33,663 (1,337)Operating transfers out (10,015)(8,073)(2,984)5,089 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 24,985 26,927 30,679 3,752 **NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE** Fund balances-beginning Fund balances-ending

Note 1: Capital outlay expenditures were budgeted with their respective function.

### BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - CONSTRUCTION FUND for the year ended June 30, 2020

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	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)			
REVENUES	· ·	· ·		,			
Other local revenues	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,347</u>	\$ 1,347			
TOTAL REVENUES			1,347	1,347			
EXPENDITURES							
Plant operation and maintenance	-	1,166,554	716,118	450,436			
Contingency	-	50,350	=	50,350			
Capital outlay (Note 1)	-	-	973,149	(973,149)			
Bond issuance costs (Note 2)		13,096	51,146	(38,050)			
TOTAL EXPENDITURES (Note 3)		1,230,000	1,740,413	(510,413)			
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over Expenditures	-	(1,230,000)	(1,739,066)	(509,066)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Proceeds from bonds	-	1,230,000	1,235,000	5,000			
Capital lease proceeds	<u> </u>	155,041		(155,041)			
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	<u>-</u>	1,385,041	1,235,000	(150,041)			
EXTRAORDINARY ITEM - INSURANCE	-	594,383	2,154,196	1,559,813			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	749,424	1,650,130	900,706			
Fund balances-beginning			46,088	46,088			
Fund balances-ending	\$ -	\$ 749,424	\$ 1,696,218	\$ 946,794			

Note 1: Capital outlay expenditures were budgeted with their respective function.

Note 3: Expenditures exceeded the District's budget because of a fire that caused extension damage toward the end of the fiscal year. Repairs for the fire damage at the end of the fiscal year exceeded \$700,000. When the District received the invoices for the necessary repairs there was not sufficient time to amend the budget.

Note 2: Bond issuance costs were budgeted with their respective function.

## BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY COUNTY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last Six Fiscal Years

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Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)		2015 (2014)		2016 (2015)		2017 (2016)		2018 (2017)		2019 (2018)		2020 (2019)
District's proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share of the net pension		0.13%		0.12%		0.12%		0.12%		0.11%		0.10%
liability (asset)  District's covered employee payroll	\$ \$	4,111,000 2.960.407	\$ \$	5,006,264 2,960,407	\$	5,827,679 2,845,655	\$	6,805,114 2,873,687	\$	6,662,184 2.711.255	\$ \$	6,946,749 2,463,291
District's share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	Ψ	138.87%	Ψ	169.11%	Ψ	204.79%	Ψ	236.81%	Ψ	245.72%	Ψ	282.01%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		66.80%		59.97%		55.50%		53.32%		53.54%		50.45%

## BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last Five Fiscal Years

Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)	2016 (2015)	2017 (2016)	2018 (2017)	2019 (2018)	2020 (2019)
District's proportion of the net pension liability  District's proportionate share of the net pension	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%
liability (asset)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	61,724,475	78,611,888	69,382,889	31,940,686	31,564,055
Total	\$ 61,724,475	\$ 78,611,888	\$ 69,382,889	\$ 31,940,686	\$ 31,564,055
District's covered employee payroll	unavailable	unavailable	unavailable	\$ 8,883,972	\$ 7,247,745
District's share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	42.49%	35.22%	39.83%	59.30%	58.80%

# BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY COUNTY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last Four Fiscal Years

Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)		2017 (2016)		2018 (2017)		2019 (2018)		2020 (2019)
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability District's proportionate share of the net OPEB		0.10%		0.10%		0.10%		0.10%
liability (asset) District's covered employee payroll	\$ \$	5,968,055 2,845,655	\$ \$	2,337,244 2,873,687	\$ \$	1,942,127 2,711,255	\$ \$	1,660,897 2,463,291
District's share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll		209.73%		81.33%		71.63%		67.43%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	u	ınavailable		52.39%		57.62%		60.44%

## BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last Four Fiscal Years

Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)		2017 (2016)		2018 (2017)	2019 (2018)	2020 (2019)
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB		0.14%		0.14%	0.13%	0.13%
liability (asset) State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB	\$	4,850,000	\$	4,899,000	\$ 4,423,076	\$ 3,645,776
liability (asset) associated with the District Total	\$	3,962,000 8,812,000	\$	4,002,000 8,901,000	\$ 3,811,727 8,234,803	\$ 2,944,000 6,589,776
District's covered employee payroll District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB	ι	navailable	u	navailable	\$ 8,883,972	\$ 7,247,745
liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	ι	navailable	u	navailable	49.79%	50.30%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	ι	navailable		21.20%	25.50%	32.60%

## BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last Four Fiscal Years

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Reporting Fiscal Year (Measurement Date)	2017 (2016)	2018 (2017)	2019 (2018)	2020 (2019)
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%	0.0000%
liability (asset) State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
liability (asset) associated with the District Total	37,000 \$ 37,000	54,000 \$ 54,000	65,000 \$ 65,000	68,000 \$ 68,000
District's covered employee payroll District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB	unavailable	unavailable	\$ 8,883,972	\$ 7,247,745
liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	unavailable	80.00%	74.97%	73.40%

# BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS COUNTY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last Six Fiscal Years

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	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Contractually required employer contribution	\$ 349,012	\$ 353,281	\$ 395,269	\$ 394,918	\$ 403,475	\$ 476,447
Contributions relative to contractually required employer contribution  Contribution deficiency (excess)	349,012 \$	353,281 \$ -	395,269 \$ -	394,918 \$ -	403,475 \$ -	476,447 \$ -
District's covered employee payroll Employer contributions as a percentage	\$ 2,960,407	\$ 2,845,655	\$ 2,873,687	\$ 2,711,255	\$ 2,463,291	\$ 2,468,639
of covered-employee payroll	11.79%	6 12.41%	13.75%	14.57%	16.38%	19.30%

## BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last Six Fiscal Years

	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Contractually required employer contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions relative to contractually required employer contribution			<u> </u>			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u> </u>	<u> -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u> </u>
District's covered employee payroll Employer contributions as a percentage	unavailable	unavailable	unavailable	\$ 8,883,972	\$ 7,247,745	\$ 7,179,467
of covered-employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

# BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS COUNTY EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last Six Fiscal Years

\_\_\_\_\_

	201	5	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Contractually required employer contribution  Contributions relative to contractually	\$ 134	4,677 \$	131,983	\$ 134,023	\$ 128,185	\$ 130,843	\$ 117,507
required employer contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	134 \$	4,677 <u>-</u> \$	131,983	\$ 134,023	\$ 128,185	\$ 130,843	\$ 117,507 -
District's covered employee payroll Employer contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	\$ 2,960	0,407 \$ 4.55%	5 2,845,655 4.64%	\$ 2,873,687 4.66%	\$ 2,711,255 4.73%	\$ 2,463,291 5.31%	\$ 2,468,639 4.76%

# BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS - MEDICAL INSURANCE PLAN KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last Five Fiscal Years

	2016	2017	2018		2019		2020	
Contractually required employer contribution	unavailable	unavailable	\$ 227,076	\$	217,437	\$	215,331	
Contributions relative to contractually required employer contribution	unavailable	unavailable	 227,076		217,437		215,331	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		
District's covered employee payroll	unavailable	unavailable	\$ 8,883,972	\$	7,247,745	\$	7,179,467	
Employer contributions as a percentage	unavailahla	unavailahla	0.560/		3.00%		2.000/	
of covered-employee payroll	unavailable	unavailable	2.56%		3.00%		3.00%	

## BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE OF OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS - LIFE INSURANCE PLAN KENTUCKY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last Six Fiscal Years

	201	15	201	6	201	7	2018	2019	2020
Contractually required employer contribution Contributions relative to contractually	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
required employer contribution Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>
District's covered employee payroll Employer contributions as a percentage	unava	ilable	unavai	lable	unavai	lable	\$ 8,883,972	\$ 8,825,670	\$ 8,578,491
of covered-employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

### BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2020

### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

### **Contributions**

Contractually required employer contributions reported on the Schedule of Pension Contributions exclude the portion of contributions paid to CERS but allocated to the insurance fund of the CERS. The insurance contributions are reported on the Schedule of OPEB Contributions.

### Payroll

The District's covered payroll reported on the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - CERS and the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - CERS Schedules is one year prior to the District's fiscal year payroll as reported on the Schedule of Contributions for CERS Pension and CERS OPEB.

The District's covered payroll reported on the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - KTRS and the Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - KTRS Schedules is one year prior to the District's fiscal year payroll as reported on the Schedule of Contributions for KTRS Pension and KTRS OPEB.

### 2. CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS

### June 30, 2019 - CERS Pension and CERS OPEB Nonhazardous

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, for both CERS pension and CERS OPEB:

• The assumed rate of salary increases was increased from 3.05% to 3.3% to 10.3% on average.

### June 30, 2019 - KTRS Pension and KTRS OPEB

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, for KTRS pension:

• The assumed municipal bond index rate was decreased from 3.89% to 3.5%.

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, for KTRS OPEB – Medical Insurance Plan:

- The assumed projected salary decreased from 4.0% -8.10%, including wage inflation, to 3.50% 7.20%, including wage inflation.
- The assumed wage inflation dropped from 4.0% to 3.5%.
- The assumed municipal bond index rate was decreased from 3.89% to 3.5%.

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, for KTRS OPEB – Life Insurance Plan:

- The assumed net investment rate of return decreased from 8.0% to 7.5%.
- The assumed municipal bond index rate was decreased from 3.89% to 3.5%.

### BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2020

### 2. CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

### June 30, 2018 - CERS Pension and CERS OPEB - Nonhazardous

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2018 for either CERS pension or CERS OPEB.

### June 30, 2018 - KTRS Pension and KTRS OPEB

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2018, for KTRS pension and KTRS OPEB:

- For KTRS Pension the assumed discount rate was increased from 4.49% to 7.50%.
- For KTRS OPEB Medical Insurance Plan health care trend rates were updated.

### June 30, 2017 - CERS Pension - Nonhazardous

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2017:

- The assumed rate of return was decreased from 7.5% to 6.25%.
- The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 2.3%.
- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4% to 2%

### June 30, 2017 - KTRS Pension

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2017:

• In the 2016 valuation, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality and rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In the 2016 valuation and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2025 with projection scale BB, set forward two project years for males and one year for females rather than the RP-2000 Mortality Tables projected to 2020 with scale AA, which was used prior to the 2016 valuation.

### June 30, 2016 – CERS Pension and CERS OPEB – Nonhazardous

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2016 for either CERS pension or CERS OPEB.

### June 30, 2016 - KTRS Pension

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2016, for KTRS pension:

• The assumed municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.82% to 3.01%, resulting in a change in the Single Equivalent Interest Rate from 4.88% to 4.20%.

### BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2020

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### 2. CHANGES OF ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

### June 30, 2015 – CERS Pension – Nonhazardous

The following changes in assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2015:

- The assumed rate of return was decreased from 7.75% to 7.5%.
- The assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.5% to 3.25%.
- The assumed rate of wage inflation was reduced from 1% to .75%.
- Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.5% to 4%.
- Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (multiplied by 50% for males and 30% for females).
- For healthy retired members and beneficiaries, the mortality table used is the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 1 year for females).
- For Disabled members, the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2013 (set back 4 years for males) is used for the period after disability retirement.
- The assumed rates of retirement, withdrawal, and disability were updated to reflect experience more accurately.

### June 30, 2015 - KTRS Pension

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2015 for KTRS pension.

### June 30, 2014 – CERS Pension –Nonhazardous and KTRS Pension

There were no changes in assumptions made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the valuation performed as of June 30, 2014.

### June 30, 2013 - CERS Pension - Nonhazardous

The following assumptions were made by the Kentucky Legislature and reflected in the initial valuation performed as of June 30, 2013:

- The assumed rate of return was 7.75%.
- The assumed rate of inflation was 3.5%.
- The assumed rate of wage inflation was 1%.
- Payroll growth assumption was 4.5%.
- Mortality rates were based on the 1983 Group Annuity Mortality Table for all retired members and beneficiaries as of June 30, 2006. The 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table was used for all other members.

### BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS for the year ended June 30, 2020

	SEEK Capital Outlay Fund		FSPK Fund		Debt Service Fund	Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	-	\$ 330,222	\$	-	\$ 330,222
Accounts receivable		_	 	-		 
Total assets	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 330,222	\$	-	\$ 330,222
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$ 	\$	<u> </u>	\$ <u>-</u>
Total liabilities		<u>-</u>	 		<u>-</u>	 
FUND BALANCE						
Restricted						
Other		-	210,278		-	210,278
SFCC escrow		-	119,944		-	119,944
Unassigned		_	 <u>-</u>		<u> </u>	 <u> </u>
Total fund balance		<u>-</u>	 330,222			 330,222
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	-	\$ 330,222	\$	-	\$ 330,222

### BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BLANACES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

for the year ended June 30, 2020

REVENUES           Taxes         \$ - \$ 419,556         \$ 419,556           Other local sources
Other local sources         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -
Intergovernmental-State         161,021         577,101         286,368         1,024,490           Total revenues         161,021         996,657         286,368         1,444,046           EXPENDITURES           Instruction         -         -         -         -           Instructional staff support services         -         -         -         -           Plant operation and maintenance         -         -         -         -           Capital outlay         -         -         -         -           Debt service         -         -         1,393,583         1,393,583           Total expenditures         -         -         1,393,583         1,393,583           Excess (deficit) revenues over expenditures         161,021         996,657         (1,107,215)         50,463           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Operating transfers in         -         -         1,107,215         1,107,215           Operating transfers out         (161,021)         (786,379)         -         (947,400)
Total revenues         161,021         996,657         286,368         1,444,046           EXPENDITURES           Instruction         -         -         -         -           Instructional staff support services         -         -         -         -           Plant operation and maintenance         -         -         -         -         -           Capital outlay         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -
EXPENDITURES   Instruction
Instruction         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         - <td< td=""></td<>
Instructional staff support services
Plant operation and maintenance       -       -       -       -         Capital outlay       -       -       -       -       -         Debt service       -       -       1,393,583       1,393,583         Total expenditures       -       -       1,393,583       1,393,583         Excess (deficit) revenues over expenditures       161,021       996,657       (1,107,215)       50,463         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         Operating transfers in Operating transfers out       -       -       1,107,215       1,107,215         Operating transfers out       (161,021)       (786,379)       -       (947,400)
Plant operation and maintenance       -       -       -       -         Capital outlay       -       -       -       -       -         Debt service       -       -       1,393,583       1,393,583         Total expenditures       -       -       -       1,393,583       1,393,583         Excess (deficit) revenues over expenditures       161,021       996,657       (1,107,215)       50,463         OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         Operating transfers in       -       -       1,107,215       1,107,215         Operating transfers out       (161,021)       (786,379)       -       (947,400)
Capital outlay       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -
Debt service         -         -         1,393,583         1,393,583           Total expenditures         -         -         1,393,583         1,393,583           Excess (deficit) revenues over expenditures         161,021         996,657         (1,107,215)         50,463           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Operating transfers in Operating transfers out         -         -         1,107,215         1,107,215           Operating transfers out         (161,021)         (786,379)         -         (947,400)
Total expenditures 1,393,583 1,393,583  Excess (deficit) revenues over expenditures 161,021 996,657 (1,107,215) 50,463  OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfers in 1,107,215 1,107,215 Operating transfers out (161,021) (786,379) - (947,400)
Excess (deficit) revenues over expenditures
expenditures         161,021         996,657         (1,107,215)         50,463           OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)           Operating transfers in         -         -         -         1,107,215         1,107,215           Operating transfers out         (161,021)         (786,379)         -         (947,400)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)         Operating transfers in       -       -       1,107,215       1,107,215         Operating transfers out       (161,021)       (786,379)       -       (947,400)
Operating transfers in         -         -         1,107,215         1,107,215           Operating transfers out         (161,021)         (786,379)         -         (947,400)
Operating transfers out (161,021) (786,379) - (947,400)
Operating transfers out (161,021) (786,379) - (947,400)
Total other financing sources (uses) (161,021) (786,379) 1,107,215 159,815
Excess (deficit) revenues and other financing sources over expenditures
and other financing uses - 210,278 - 210,278
Fund balances-beginning         -         119,944         -         119,944
Fund balances-ending \$ - \$ 330,222 \$ - \$ 330,222

### BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS

for the year ended June 30, 2020

	Breathitt County High School	County Turner High Elementary		Marie Roberts- Caney Elementary	Total		
ASSETS Cash and equivalents	\$ 60,554	\$ 29,685	\$ 7,717	\$ 9,604	\$ 107,560		
Total assets	\$ 60,554	\$ 29,685	\$ 7,717	\$ 9,604	\$ 107,560		
<b>LIABILITIES</b> Due to student groups	\$ 60,554	\$ 29,685	\$ 7,717	\$ 9,604	\$ 107,560		
Total liabilities	\$ 60,554	\$ 29,685	\$ 7,717	\$ 9,604	\$ 107,560		

### BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND DUE TO STUDENT GROUPS SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS

for the year ended June 30, 2020

\_\_\_\_\_

	Cash Balances July 01, 2019		Receipts		Disbursements		sh Balances une 30, 2020	Accounts Receivable June 30, 2020		Accounts Payable June 30, 2020		Fund Balances June 30, 2020	
Breathitt County High School	\$	54,975	\$ 385,641	\$	(380,062)	\$	60,554	\$ -	\$	-	\$	60,554	
Highland-Turner Elementary		22,850	23,567		(16,732)		29,685	-		-		29,685	
Sebastian Elementary School		6,359	20,536		(19,178)		7,717	-		-		7,717	
Marie Roberts-Caney Elementary		6,207	 26,934		(23,537)		9,604		_		_	9,604	
TOTAL ACTIVITY FUNDS	\$	90,391	\$ 456,678	\$	(439,509)	\$	107,560	\$ -	\$		\$	107,560	

## BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND DUE TO STUDENT GROUPS BREATHITT COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL

for the year ended June 30, 2020

\_\_\_\_\_

	Cash Balances July 01, 2019	Receipts	Disbursements	Transfers	Cash Balances Year End	Accounts Receivable Year End	Accounts Payable Year End	Fund Balances June 30, 2020
ACADEMIC TEAM	\$ 103	\$ 661	\$ (522)	\$ (242)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
ALL A BOYS BASKETBALL	-	5,604	(4,235)	(1,369)	-	-	-	-
ALL A GIRLS BASKETBALL	-	4,254	(3,127)	(1,127)	-	-	-	-
AP/PSAT EXAM	1,271	250	(898)	-	623	-	-	623
ART	86	-	-	-	86	-	-	86
BAND/CHORUS	-	15,620	(16,635)	3,318	2,303	-	-	2,303
BASEBALL	1,014	850	(1,137)	-	727	-	-	727
BASS FISHING CLUB	250	-	(50)	-	200	-	-	200
BETA	119	-	-	-	119	-	-	119
BHS CHEERLEADERS	56	1,193	(840)	-	409	-	-	409
BOBCATS 55TH DIST TOURN	3,122	17,849	(11,080)	(9,891)	-	-	-	-
BOYS BASKETBALL	(855)	24,296	(23,717)	636	360	-	-	360
CLASS OF 2019	113	-	-	(113)	-	-	-	-
CLASS OF 2020	4,013	44,113	(43,619)	(4,307)	200	-	-	200
CONCESSIONS	238	38,061	(31,960)	(1,449)	4,890	-	-	4,890
DISTRICT SWEEP	-	3,222	(4,407)	1,185	-	-	-	-
DRAMA	1,737	978	(1,467)	-	1,248	-	-	1,248
FACULTY	803	3,254	(4,220)	232	69	-	-	69
FFA	3,277	13,421	(11,275)	(2,520)	2,903	-	-	2,903
FFA GRANT	4,864	-	-	-	4,864	-	-	4,864
FOOTBALL	7,201	31,290	(32,309)	2,739	8,921	-	-	8,921
GENERAL FUND	(158)	74,798	(72,190)	2,860	5,310	-	-	5,310
GOLF	156	750	(744)	-	162	-	-	162
GRADUATION	-	598	-	(577)	21	-	-	21
GREENHOUSE	2,679	3,668	(1,885)	-	4,462	-	-	4,462
GUIDANCE	330	282	(583)	-	29	-	-	29
HOME IMPROVEMENT/WOOD SHP	2,764		(230)		2,534			2,534
Subtotal	\$ 33,183	\$ 285,012	\$ (267,130)	\$ (10,625)	\$ 40,440	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 40,440

## BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND DUE TO STUDENT GROUPS BREATHITT COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL

for the year ended June 30, 2020

	Cash Balances July 01, 2019	Receipts	Disbursements	Transfers	Cash Balances Year End	Accounts Receivable Year End	Accounts Payable Year End	Fund Balances June 30, 2020
JROTC	\$ 547	\$ 1,439	\$ (1,361)	\$ -	\$ 625	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 625
KY ADVANCE	1,828	-	-	-	1,828	-	-	1,828
LADYCAT SOFTBALL	811	1,355	(239)	485	2,412	-	-	2,412
LADYCATS BASKETBALL	919	24,388	(26,731)	3,245	1,821	-	-	1,821
MIDDLE SCHOOL ACADEMICS	-	90	(155)	65	-	-	-	-
MIDDLE SCHOOL CHEERLEADING	12		100	-	112	-	-	112
MIDDLE SCHOOL FOOTBALL	1,144	3,501	(4,307)	-	338	-	-	338
MIDDLE SCHOOL SOFTBALL	1	1,339	(517)	-	823	-	-	823
MS ACADEMIC	-	2,477	(1,215)	585	1,847	-	-	1,847
MS BOYS BASKETBALL	-	19,534	(22,537)	3,003	· -	-	-	· -
PROM	4,593	3,279	(5,400)	-	2,472	-	-	2,472
SCIENCE ACTIVITY	72	-	-	-	72	-	-	72
SOCCER	148	898	(974)	-	72	-	-	72
STUDENT ACTIVITIES FUND	11	5,405	(5,366)	-	50	-	-	50
TEENS FOR CHRIST	120	-	-	-	120	-	-	120
TOURNAMENT	919	1,826	(4,788)	2,637	594	-	-	594
TRACK	1	3,546	(3,071)	-	476	-	-	476
TSA	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VOLLEYCATS	2,985	22,802	(24,822)	-	965	-	-	965
Y CLUB	2,381	3,645	(6,631)	605	-	-	-	-
YEARBOOK	4,723	2,440	(4,178)	_	2,985	-	-	2,985
YSC CATCHING DREAMS	31	· -	-	-	31	-	-	31
YSC/FRYSC	546	2,665	(740)	-	2,471	-	-	2,471
Total	\$ 54,975	\$385,641	\$ (380,062)	\$ -	\$ 60,554	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 60,554



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the State Committee for School District Audits and Members of the Board of Education Breathitt County School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Breathitt County School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Breathitt County School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 11, 2021.

## **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Breathitt County School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Breathitt County School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Breathitt County School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Breathitt County School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

RFH, PLLC • 300 West Vine Street, Suite 800 • Lexington, Kentucky 40507-1812

Phone: 859-231-1800 • Fax: 859-422-1800 • Toll-Free: 1-800-342-7299 www.rfhcpas.com

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the Breathitt County School District, in a separate letter dated January 11, 2021.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



RFH, PLLC Lexington, Kentucky January 11, 2021



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the State Committee for School District Audits and Members of the Board of Education Breathitt County School District

## Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Breathitt County School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Breathitt County School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Breathitt County School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Breathitt County School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Breathitt County School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Breathitt County School District's compliance.

## Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Breathitt County School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

**RFH, PLLC** • 300 West Vine Street, Suite 800 • Lexington, Kentucky 40507-1812 **Phone:** 859-231-1800 • **Fax:** 859-422-1800 • **Toll-Free:** 1-800-342-7299

## **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of the Breathitt County School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Breathitt County School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Breathitt County School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



RFH, PLLC Lexington, Kentucky January 11, 2021

## BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS for the year ended June 30, 2020

	Endonel	Pass	
	Federal CFDA	Through Grantor's	
GRANTOR/PROGRAM TITLE	Number	Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA)			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Passed through Kentucky Department of Education  National School Lunch Program	10.555	7750002	\$ 657,454
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	7760002	319,143
·		7690024/	
Summer Food Service Program for Children Passed through Kentucky Department of Agriculture	10.559	7740023	345,455
Commodities (Note 2)	10.555	Note 5	65,239
Passed through Kentucky Department of Education			
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	7720012	43,662
State Administrative Expenses for Child Nutrition	10.560	7700001	3,859
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,434,812
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed through Kentucky Department of Education		24.000000/2	
Title I, Part A Cluster	84.010	3100002/3 220002	1,198,966
Title I, Neglected and Delinquent Children and Youth	84.013	Note 5	24,000
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	3810002	629,542
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA, Preschool)	84.173	3800002	42,589
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			672,131
Vocational Education	84.048A	3710002	8,868
Twenty-First Century Community Learning Centers	84.287	3400002	77,141
Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs	84.334A	Note 5	347,198
Rural Education	84.358	3140002	23,217
Striving Readers/Comprehensive Literacy Development	84.371C	Note 5	101,149
ROTC	12.000	Note 5	44,546
Race to the Top - Early Learning Challenge	84.416A	Note 5	13,969
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grant	84.424	3420002	72,657
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	3230002	105,123
COVID -19 - Education Stabilization Fund	84.425D	Note 5	208,955
Total U.S. Department of Education			2,897,920
U.S. Department of Homeland Security			
Passed through Kentucky Department of Education	07.000		6.707
COVID - 19 - Disaster Grants - Public Assistance	97.036	Note 5	6,787
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			6,787
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed through Kentucky Department of Education  Every Student Succeeds Act/Preschool Development Grants	93.434	Noto 5	48,108
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	30.734	Note 5	48,108
rotal o.o. Doparthon or ricatal and Human ocivices			40,100
Total expenditures of federal awards			\$ 4,387,627

#### Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Breathitt County School District and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in, or used, in the preparation of, the basic financial statements may differ from those numbers.

- Note 2 Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities disbursed.
- Note  ${\bf 3}$  The District did not pass through any funds to subrecipients.

### Note 4 - Indirect Cost Rates

The District did not elect to use the 10 percent de minimis cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 5 - Passthrough entity numbers are presented when available. Pass through grantor's number not available.

## BREATHITT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS for the year ended June 30, 2020

l.	SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS Financial Statements:								
	Type of auditors' report issued: Unmo	Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified							
	Internal control over financial reporting Material weaknesses identified	_Yes	<u>X</u> No						
	Significant deficiencies identified that considered to be material weakness	_Yes	X None reported						
	Non-compliance material to financial s	_Yes	<u>X</u> No						
	Federal Awards: Internal control over major programs: Material weaknesses identified		_Yes	<u>X</u> No					
	Significant deficiencies identified that considered to be material weakner		_Yes	X_None reported					
	Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:  Unmodified for all major programs.								
	Any audit findings disclosed that are re accordance with Section 2 CFR 200.9	rted in _Yes	<u>X</u> .No						
	Major Programs: CFDA Number 10.553, 10.555 and 10.559 84.425D	Name of Federal Program or Cluster Child Nutrition Cluster COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund							
	Dollar threshold used to distinguish be and type B programs:	tween type A	\$ 750,000						
	Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee	?	X_Yes	No					
II.	FINDINGS RELATED TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS								
	NONE								
III.	FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS								
	NONE								
III.	PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS								
	NONE								
	INCINE								



Members of the Board of Education Breathitt County School District Jackson, Kentucky

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Breathitt County School District for the year ended June 30, 2020, we considered the District's internal control structure to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

However, during our audit, we became aware of some matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The memorandum that accompanies this letter summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding those matters. This letter does not affect our report dated January 11, 2021 on the financial statements of the Breathitt County Board of Education. We will review the status of these comments during our next audit engagement. We have already discussed many of these comments and suggestions with various District personnel, and we will be pleased to discuss them in further detail at your convenience, to perform any additional study of these matters, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

Respectfully,



## Breathitt County School District Management Letter Comments June 30, 2020

## **DISTRICT**

**Current Year Comments** 

None.

**Status of Prior Year Comments** 

There were no management letter comments at the District level in the prior year.

## Breathitt County School District Management Letter Comments June 30, 2020

## **SCHOOL ACTIVITY FUNDS**

#### **BREATHITT COUNTY HIGH SCHOOL**

2020-01: Purchase Orders

Condition:

During testing, multiple instances of purchases approved after being obligated were noted. Purchase orders should be completed prior to all purchases.

### Response:

Training continues to be offered to staff virtually, along with monthly meetings with school staff to review appropriate protocols. This particular issue occurred due to a failure to print out the PO when it was entered. The PO's were printed once the invoice was received, and the print date was the date listed on the PO. This error was discovered during an internal audit which took place in November 2019. After that internal audit, the process was corrected so that PO's were printed prior to receiving the invoice. This will continue to be a focus for improvement moving forward.

#### **Status of Prior Year Comments**

Comment 2020-01 is a repeat comment from the previous year. All other comments from the prior year were corrected.

### **Sebastian Elementary School**

No comments in the current year.

#### **Status of Prior Year Comments**

All comments from the prior year have been corrected.

## MARIE ROBERTS-CANEY ELEMENTARY

2020-01: Purchase Orders

Condition:

During testing, multiple instances of purchases approved after being obligated were noted. Additionally, we noted one purchase that did not have a completed purchase order. Purchase orders should be completed prior to all purchases.

## Response:

Training continues to be offered virtually for all school staff. This school had a new school secretary who was hired in the position January 16, 2020. She has participated in training and is very conscientious in her work; however, there is a steep learning curve in this position. She is being given additional assistance in completing required reports/processes, so this error should improve moving forward.

## Breathitt County School District Management Letter Comments June 30, 2020

## MARIE ROBERTS-CANEY ELEMENTARY (CONTINUED)

2020-02: Gate Sales

Condition:

We noted an instance that a "School Activity Fund Requisition and Report of Ticket Sales Form" was not completed. This form should be completed in accordance with Redbook guidelines.

Response:

Continued training will be conducted at this school to ensure appropriate protocols are followed. This school had a new school secretary who was hired in the position January 16, 2020. She has participated in training and is very conscientious in her work; however, there is a steep learning curve in this position. She is being given additional assistance in completing required reports/processes, so this error should improve moving forward.

### **Status of Prior Year Comments**

Comments 2020-01 and 2020-02 are repeat comments from the previous year. All other comments from the prior year were corrected.

#### **HIGHLAND-TURNER ELEMENTARY**

No comments in the current year.

### **Status of Prior Year Comments**

All comments from the prior year have been corrected.